

City of Downey, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



CITY OF DOWNEY, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

WITH REPORT ON AUDIT BY INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Prepared by:

Department of Finance

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	
Letter of Transmittal	i - vii
Principal Officials	viii
Organization Chart	ix
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	X
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	3 - 16
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	17
Statement of Activities	18 - 19
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	20 - 21
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	•
to the Statement of Net Assets	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	24 - 25
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to	27
the Statement of Activities	27
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Assets	28 - 31
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	32 - 33
Statement of Cash Flows	34 - 37
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	38
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	39
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	41 - 83

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	Page <u>Number</u>
Required Supplementary Information:	85
Schedules of Funding Progress:	
City Employee Retirement Plans:	
Miscellaneous	86
Safety	86
Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions	86
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund	87
HOME Special Revenue Fund	88
Note to Required Supplementary Information	89
Supplementary Schedules:	
Other Governmental Funds:	91
Combining Balance Sheet	93
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	
and Changes in Fund Balances	94
Other Special Revenue Funds:	95
Combining Balance Sheet	96 - 97
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	98 - 99
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	
Waste Reduction Fund	100
Street Lighting Fund	101
Gas Tax Fund	102
Sewer and Storm Drain Fund	103
Air Quality Fund	104
Grants Fund	105
CDBG Fund	106
Other Debt Service Funds:	107
Combining Balance Sheet	108
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	109

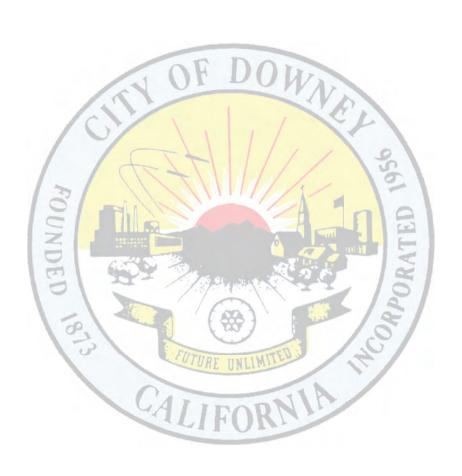
TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	Page <u>Number</u>
Supplementary Schedules (Continued):	
Other Capital Projects Funds:	111
Combining Balance Sheet	112
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	113
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	
Firestone Redevelopment Fund	114
Woodruff Redevelopment Fund	115
Housing Fund	116
City Fund	117
Internal Service Funds:	119
Combining Statement of Net Assets	120
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Changes in Net Assets	121
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	122
Agency Funds:	123
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	124 - 125
Combing Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	126 - 127
STATISTICAL SECTION:	
Description of Statistical Section Contents	129
Financial Trends:	
Net Assets by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	130 - 131
Change in Net Assets - Expenses and Program Revenues - Last Ten Fiscal Years	132 - 133
Change in Net Assets - General Revenues - Last Ten Fiscal Years	134 - 135
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	136 - 137
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	138 - 139
Revenue Capacity:	
Assessed Valuation - Last Ten Fiscal Years	140
Assessed Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Pates - Last Ten Fiscal Years	141 142
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Fiscal Years Principal Property Taxpayers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	142 143
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	144
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TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	Page <u>Number</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED):	
Debt Capacity:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	145
Ratios of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and	
Net Bonded Debt per Capita - Last Ten Fiscal Years	146
Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Debt	147
Schedule of Legal Debt Margin - Last Ten Fiscal Years	148
Pledged-Revenue Bond Coverage:	
Water Leasehold Mortgage Bond Coverage - Last Ten Fiscal Years	149
Golf Course Revenue Bond Coverage - Last Ten Fiscal Years	150
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Calendar Years	151
Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	152
Operating Information:	
Full-Time and Part-Time City Employees by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	153
Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	154
Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	155

INTRODUCTORY SECTION





City of Downey

FUTURE UNLIMITED

January 31, 2013

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council City of Downey Downey, California

In accordance with the Charter of the City of Downey (City), it is with much pride and gratitude that I submit for your consideration the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Downey for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls established for that purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The CAFR is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City. The CAFR includes disclosures designed to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial affairs.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) in the financial section and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF DOWNEY

The City of Downey, located twelve miles southeast of the City of Los Angeles in the County of Los Angeles, California, encompasses an area of 12.5 square miles and serves a residential population of 112,201.

The City of Downey was incorporated on December 17, 1956 and on January 14, 1965 became a Chartered City. Downey is operated under a Council-Manager form of government, and is governed by a five-member Council with four elected from designated districts and one elected at large.

The City provides full ranges of services, which includes but is not limited to, police and fire protection, water and wastewater utilities, street maintenance, public transportation, park and recreation, planning and building safety, library and cultural programs. In addition to general government activities, the City exercises oversight of the Downey Community Development Commission, the City of Downey Water Facilities Corporation and the Downey Public Facilities Financing Corporation; therefore, the financial activities of these organizations are included in this reporting entity.

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www.downeyca.org

Since the Downey Unified School District, other special districts, the County of Los Angeles and its related agencies have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity; they have been excluded from this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

In December 2012, the unadjusted unemployment rate for the City was 8.2% which is slightly higher than the national unemployment rate of 7.6% but lower than the State unemployment rate of 9.7%. It is anticipated that unemployment rates should gradually decline in 2013 and 2014. With the concern of State fiscal woes and high unemployment rate, the City continues to be conservative in our forecasting posture. With City Council's commitment to make the most of the City resource for the benefit of the entire community, the staff exercises prudent fiscal management and seeks economic development that builds Downey's revenue base by bringing more jobs and businesses to the City.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For FY 2011 - 2012

The City continued its efforts to revitalize the former NASA property with the January 2012 approval of a new specific plan and entitlements for the Tierra Luna Marketplace development. With the approval of demolition permits in spring 2012 and with the completion of the demolition phase in early fall 2012, the City continues to work with the developer to attract retail, medical and other commercial occupants for the development project.

In other Community Development efforts, the new WalMart Neighborhood Market began façade and site modifications at the old Alin Party Supply store, and opened in November 2012. Construction of the Downey Gateway project has proceeded and the development is expected to open in spring 2013. In February 2012, Raytheon opened a 27,000 square foot Public Safety Regional Technology Center and will hire 150 people to staff the facility. The La Barca Restaurant, the Markeplace Grill & Café, Walgreens Drug Store and Buffalo Wild Wings Restaurant all celebrated their grand openings this past year. The City also has been moving forward on the construction of the new View Housing Development, a \$20 million housing complex in the Downtown Downey area.

Continuing its art and cultural efforts, the City hosted the annual Taste of Downey event, provided venues for local arts initiatives and community events such as the Holiday Parade, Street Faire, and Summer Concerts in the Park. The management of the Downey Civic Theater was contracted out to attract additional arts and entertainment features. The City's Columbia Memorial Space Center also hosted two traveling exhibits, *Suited for Space* and *Great Balls of Fire*.

Significant infrastructure improvement projects completed this year include furthering the Lakewood Boulevard Beautification and median project from 5th Street to Florence Avenue; a resurfacing of Truck-Impacted Intersections near the I-5 freeway; slurry-sealed nearly 15.5 miles of residential streets; completed security gate project at Fire Station 1; completed HVAC upgrades to the Downey Civic Theater and Downey City Library; and enhanced safety near schools by installing 20 vehicle speed feedback signs. Also this year, the City renamed six intersections for the six Character Counts *Pillars of Character* and posted new street signs throughout the City.

Future Initiatives:

In January 2012, the City Council set specific priorities to be refined as the FY 2012-13 budget was proposed. These priorities included a significant reorganization of City Departments, and will make services much more easily accessible to the general public and to businesses. The Parks and Recreation department will move out of City Hall and into the Barbara J. Riley Community and Senior Center. To create a "one stop shop" for local businesses, Code Enforcement and Operational Engineering will move to the first floor of City Hall, where the Business Licenses, Planning, Fire and Building & Safety are located. Other substantial realignment of City Departments is expected, including a reorganization of the Housing Division, relocation of Human Resources, and a larger emphasis on public engagement and information.

Another priority of the City Council, the Tierra Luna Marketplace project, will begin new construction and it is anticipated that the first "big box" tenant this fiscal year; the City is working with the developer to attract a higher-end hotelier for the development. The Downey Gateway is expected to open in spring of 2013 with several new dining options, and the Champion Fiat Dealership will open its new building in early 2013 as well.

The grant-funded Treasure Island Park Improvements project will be substantially completed this coming fiscal year, as well as the new Columbia Memorial Space Center shade structure and fence project. The City will host a Veteran's Day commemoration at its new Veteran's Memorial in the Civic Center in fall 2012. Water improvements project on Brookshire and Columbia Way and the completion of slurry seal project for a total of 6.4 miles of residential and arterial streets in the southwestern portion of the City are also anticipated to be complete this upcoming year.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City also has a budget committee in place.

The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

As part of our internal control evaluation, the City contracts with an outside independent public accounting firm to complete a special audit, which is called a single audit, to comply with certain federal government regulations. During this audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs as well as to determine that the government has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the government's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations. The single audit for the current fiscal year is in progress; however, the City fully anticipates that there will also be no instances of material weaknesses in the internal controls.

Budgeting Controls. The City's annual budget is a financial planning tool outlining the estimated revenues and appropriation for the City. Prior to July 1 of each year, the City prepares and submits its budget to the City Council for the ensuing fiscal year. The objective of the budget is to ensure funds are expended in accordance with the vision of the City Council. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Project Funds are included in the budget. The City conducts periodic reviews to ensure compliance with the provision of the annual operating budget. The level of budgetary control is the department level within the fund. The City Council may amend the initial budget by motion during the fiscal year. The City uses the encumbrance system as a management control technique to assist in controlling expenditures. At year-end, all appropriations and encumbrances are canceled (allowed to lapse) and thus are not included in reported expenditures.

Debt Administration. The City's 2002 Certificate of Participation (COPs) were rated "A" by Standards & Poor and the 2005 Pension Obligation Bonds (POBs) were rated "A2" by Moody's Investors Service. The City of Downey has no general obligation debt. However, the City does have two revenue bond issues and one tax allocation bond issue. The City uses various trustees as its paying agents for all bonds and coupons. The City deposits with the trustee, according to agreement, principal and interest requirements as appropriate.

A list of the City's debt issues is summarized below:

Principal Issue	Trustee	<u>Outstanding</u>
Downey Public Facilities Financing		
Corporation:		
2002 Certificates of Participation	U.S. Bank	\$ 7,399,930

Principal Issue	Trustee	Outstanding
Downey Community Development Commission: 1997 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds	U.S. Bank	7,165,000
California Statewide Communities Development Authority:		
2005 Pension Obligation Bonds	Wells Fargo Trust Services	19,535,500

Note 10 Long-Term Liabilities, of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements, presents more detailed information about these debt issues.

<u>Cash Management Policies and Practices</u>. The City invests all idle funds in a pooled account pursuant to an investment program governed by a City Council investment policy adopted annually. This policy maintains flexibility in cash management and also places certain restrictions on the City's investment program beyond those already established by State law. The major restrictions are as follows:

- (1) All banks and/or savings and loans that the City shall place money in must be located within the State of California.
- (2) All government securities, repurchase agreements, and banker's acceptances, shall be purchased through the City's primary bank or other major bank only.
- (3) Specific instruments may not be purchased without prior Council approval. Some of the instruments are inverse floaters, interest only strips, equity-linked securities, options, futures, swaps, or reverse repurchase agreements to name a few.

The Director of Finance, City Manager and Treasurer routinely monitor the content of the investment portfolio and adjust the portfolio accordingly. Furthermore the Director of Finance is required to render a quarterly investment report to the City Council, City Manager and Treasurer that provides a summary of the status of the current investment portfolio and material transactions entered into during the quarter.

Risk Management. The City carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property and contents, and fidelity bonds.

The City is self-insured for a substantial part of its operation. Workers' Compensation, employee health benefits, and general liability are managed on a self-insured basis. The City contracts with third-party administrators to process claims and help manage these programs. In addition, the City is a member of the Independent Cities Risk Management Authority (ICRMA) to better manage its risk exposure and predictability of costs. A schedule of self-insured retention and limits of insurance coverage at June 30, 2012 is included in Note 10 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

The City purchases all risk property insurance for its buildings and property that includes earthquake and flood protection with a \$50,000 deductible for buildings and property and 5% of value deductible for earthquake.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB). The City contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the state of California. Benefit provision and all other requirements are established by the State statute. The amount of the City's required annual contribution is determined actuarially. It is the policy of the City to fully fund the annual required contribution to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligation to retired employees.

Moreover the City provides other postemployment benefits to retirees and has elected to fund 100% of the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement 45.

Additional information regarding the City's pension benefits and other postemployment benefits can be found in Note 14 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Fund Balance Classifications

The City has implemented Government Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, titled "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" during FY 2010-11. This standard provides the users of the financial statement greater information about the availability of reported fund balance and a better understanding of a government entity's commitment of financial resources – the extent to which the financial resources of governmental fund are constrained and how binding those constraints are.

Note 12, of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements, presents more detailed information about the five new categories of fund balances – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances.

OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Independent Audit</u>. The City Charter requires an annual audit of the books of account, financial records, and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by an independent certified public accountant. Accordingly, this year's audit was completed by White Nelson Diehl Evans, LLP. The auditor's report has been included in this report.

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement Award. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Downey for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>. The preparation and development of this report would not have been possible without the year-round work of the Finance Department staff and their special efforts, working in conjunction with the City's independent auditors, White Nelson Diehl Evans, LLP, to produce this report. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Finance Department, especially the Finance Manager, Maurina Lee.

I would like to take this opportunity to compliment and thank the staff members of the City who were associated with the preparation of this report. I would also like to thank the City Council, City Manager, and Assistant City Manager for their leadership and strong support in the implementation of vital fiscal management policies and procedures.

Respectfully submitted,

Anil H. Gandhy

Interim Finance Director

Anilyandles

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

CITY COUNCIL

Roger C. Brossmer, Mayor

David R. Gafin, Mayor Pro Tem

Luis H. Marquez Council Member Mario A. Guerra Council Member Fernando Vasquez Council Member

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Yvette M. Abich-Garcia – City Attorney

Adria M. Jimenez - City Clerk

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Gilbert A. Livas, City Manager

John Oskoui, Assistant City Manager

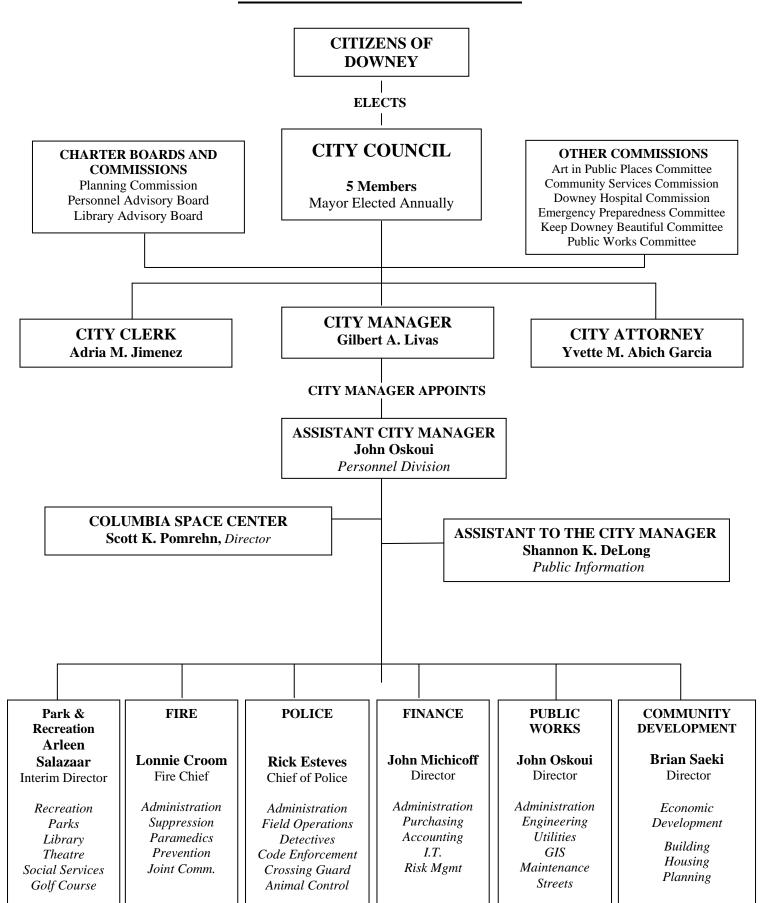
Rick Esteves Chief of Police

Lonald Croom Fire Chief

John Michicoff Director of Finance John Oskoui Director of Public Works

Brian Saeki Director of Community Development Arlene Salazaar Interim Director of Park & Recreation

CITY OF DOWNEY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Downey California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2011

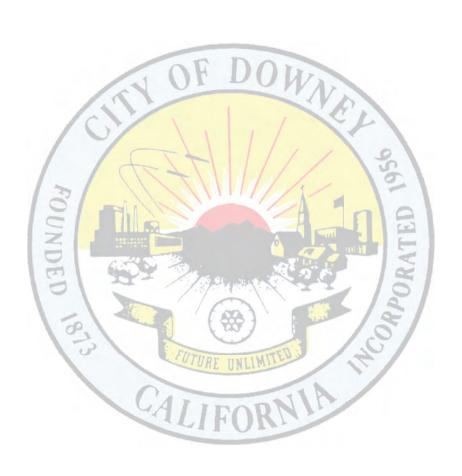
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

OF THE UNITED STATES
AND CORPORATION SEAL

CHICAGO

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Council Members City of Downey Downey, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Downey, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Downey's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Downey, California, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 18 to the basic financial statements, the Community Development Commission of the City of Downey, a blended component unit of the City, was dissolved effective February 1, 2012 as a result of legislation enacted by the State of California.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2013 on our consideration of the City of Downey's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of funding progress and budgetary comparison schedule, identified as Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This information is an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison schedule and related note have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Downey's basic financial statements. The combining statements and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements of the City. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the City of Downey, California as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Irvine, California January 30, 2013

White Nelson Diehl Guans UP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Downey (City), we offer readers of the City's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. It is encouraged that the readers consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished in the letter of transmittal and the accompanying basic financial statements. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide

Below is a summary of the City's government-wide financial information.

Government Wide Financial Summary

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	June 30, 2012		June 30, 2011 As Restated		Amount Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Assets	\$ 369,282	\$	376,962	\$	(7,680)	-2.04%
Liabilities	77,836		101,184		(23,348)	-23.07%
Total Net Assets	291,446	•	275,778	-	15,668	5.68%
Unrestricted Net Assets	32,813		13,767		19,046	138.35%
Long Term Obligations	55,019		78,330		(23,311)	-29.76%
Program Revenues	39,714		40,566		(852)	-2.10%
Taxes	50,931		53,264		(2,333)	-4.38%
Other General Revenues	6,426		4,737		1,689	3566%
Expenses	111,445		114,545		(3,100)	-2.71%

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2012 by \$291.4 million. Of this amount, \$32.8 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors; however, expenditure restrictions apply to the grant funds and much of the business-type and capital project funds.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$15.7 million, or 5.68%. Of this, \$18.5 million is attributable to governmental activities and the net expense of \$2.9 million from operations of business-type activities.
- The City's total long-term liabilities, including such items as bonds, notes, and accrued self-insured claims, decreased \$23.3 million or 29.76% during the current fiscal year. This decrease is primarily due to dissolution of Redevelopment Agency.

Fund based

• As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35.0 million, a decrease of \$2.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$12.3 million, or 35%, is available for spending at the government's discretion.

- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for General Fund was \$6.1 million, which equates to 8.8% of the total General Fund expenditures.
- For the General Fund, actual revenues (inflows) of \$63.8 million are \$1.6 million more than final budgeted revenues of \$62.2 million. This variance is mainly due to an increase in Charges for service (\$1.9 million) and Taxes (\$920 thousand). The increase offsets the decreases in Investment and rental income (\$673 thousand) and Other revenue (\$342 thousand). The balance of the variance is attributed to the decrease in remaining revenue categories.
- General Fund expenditures (outflows) for the current year were \$69.2 million. This was \$330 thousand more than the final budgeted expenditures of \$68.9 million. The increase of \$1.5 million from community development is due to the dissolution of redevelopment agency. Fortunately there were some significant department savings from Police (\$877 thousand) and Public works (\$664 thousand) and Community services (\$462 thousand).

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. Functional activities are highlighted in this statement, whereby direct and indirect functional costs are shown net of related program revenue. This statement shows the extent to which the various functions depend on general taxes and non-program revenues for support.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City included general government, public safety, public works, community services, community development, unallocated infrastructure depreciation, and interest on long term debt. The business-type activities of the City include a water utility, golf course and transit services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself, but also the City of Downey Water Facilities Corporation and the Downey Public Facilities Financing Corporation. Although these entities are legally separate, they function for all practical purposes as part of the City, and therefore have been included as a blended component unit as an integral part of the primary government.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements focus on current available resources and are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is a self-balancing group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. Like other state and local governments, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the government fund is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds, organized by their type (Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund, and HOME Special Revenue Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the Other Governmental Funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these other governmental funds are provided in the form of supplementary combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget to substantially cover all City expenditures with the exception of debt service on bonds. A budgetary comparison is provided for each of the City's governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets. However, budgetary comparison statements are not presented for the Debt Service Funds because budgets are not adopted for these funds.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses its enterprise funds to account for its water utility, golf course and transit services. Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its employee benefits and insurance, and for its equipment. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for all of the enterprise funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, all of the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the Internal Service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Schedules section of this report.

See independent auditors' report

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds include a private-purpose trust fund and the Special Deposit Agency Fund, Cemetery District Agency Fund, and Other Agency Funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar with that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules sections of this report.

<u>Notes to basic financial statements</u>. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other benefits to its employees. It includes Schedules of Funding Progress for the City Employee Retirement Plan and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, and Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund and HOME Special Revenue Fund. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, internal service funds, and agency funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on employee benefit.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Downey, assets exceeded liabilities by \$253.6 million for governmental activities and \$37.9 million for business-type activities for a total of \$291.5 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following summaries of net assets and changes in net assets present current and prior year amounts for comparative purposes.

NET ASSETS (amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Activities

	June 30, 2012		June 30, 2011 As Restated	Amount Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
ASSETS					
Current and other assets	\$ 110,780	\$	118,410	\$ (7,630)	-6.44%
Capital assets	205,074		206,931	(1,857)	-0.90%
Total assets	315,854	-	325,341	(9,487)	-2.92%
LIABILITIES					
Other liabilities	14,830		19,875	(5,045)	-25.38%
Long-term liabilities	47,446		70,451	(23,005)	-32.65%
Total liabilities	62,276		90,326	(28,050)	-31.05%
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	193,698		188,502	5,196	2.76%
Restricted	26,298		35,023	(8,725)	-24.91%
Unrestricted	33,582		11,490	22,092	192.27%
Total net assets	\$ 253,578	\$	235,015	\$ 18,563	7.90%

NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

T			4	
Kuşın	ess-tyne	٠ А	ctivities	

			·	_	Amount	Percent
			June 30, 2011		Increase	Increase
	June 30, 2012		As Restated		(Decrease)	(Decrease)
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$ 11,880	\$	9,173	\$	2,707	29.51%
Capital assets	41,548	_	42,448	_	(900)	-2.12%
Total assets	53,428	-	51,621	-	1,807	3.50%
LIABILITIES						
Other liabilities	7,987		2,979		5,008	168.11%
Long-term liabilities	7,573	_	7,879	_	(306)	-3.88%
Total liabilities	15,560	-	10,858	-	4,702	43.30%
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	34,378		34,670		(292)	-0.84%
Restricted	4,259		3,816		443	11.61%
Unrestricted	(769)	_	2,277	_	(3,046)	-133.77%
Total net assets	\$ 37,868	\$	40,763	\$	(2,895)	-7.10%

Total Governmental and Business-type Activities

					V I	
					Amount	Percent
			June 30, 2011		Increase	Increase
	June 30, 2012		As Restated		(Decrease)	(Decrease)
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$ 122,660	\$	127,583	\$	(4,923)	-3.86%
Capital assets	246,622		249,379		(2,757)	-1.11%
Total assets	369,282	- -	376,962	-	(7,680)	-2.04%
LIABILITIES						
Other liabilities	22,817		22,854		(37)	-0.16%
Long-term liabilities	55,019		78,330		(23,311)	-29.76%
Total liabilities	77,836	- -	101,184	- =	(23,348)	-23.07%
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	228,076		223,172		4,904	2.20%
Restricted	30,557		38,839		(8,282)	-21.32%
Unrestricted	32,813		13,767		19,046	138.35%
Total net assets	\$ 291,446	\$	275,778	\$	15,668	5.68%

By far, the largest portion of the City's total net assets (78.26%) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery and equipment), net of related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets net of related debt from governmental activities increased \$5.2 million, or 2.76%. This increase was primarily due to improvements made to the City's buildings, land acquisition for city facilities, and road infrastructure.

An additional portion of the City's net assets (\$26.3 million for governmental activities and \$4.3 million for business type activities) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions in how they may be used. These amounts represent 10.48% of total net assets. The restricted net assets from governmental activities decreased by \$8.7 million, or 24.91%. The restricted net assets from business activities increased \$443 thousand, or 11.61%.

The unrestricted net assets (\$33.6 million for governmental activities and negative \$769 thousand for business type activities) represent 13.24% and negative 2.03% of net assets for governmental activities and business type activities, respectively. The unrestricted net assets for governmental activities increased by \$22.1 million mainly due to overall decrease in general and program expenditures and dissolution of redevelopment agency. Unrestricted net assets for business activities decreased by \$3.0 million, or 133.77%.

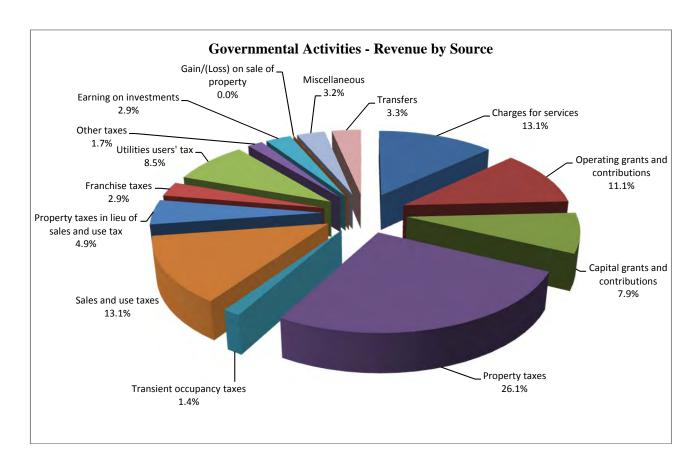
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

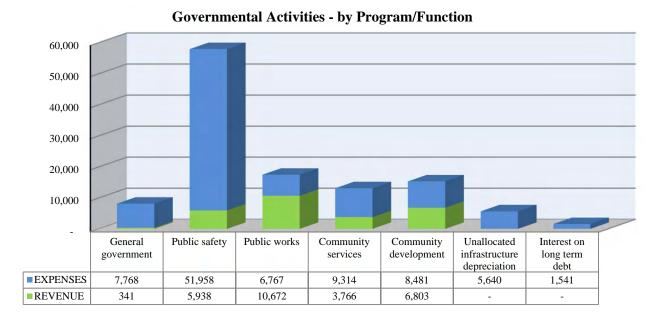
Governmental Activities

		2012	2011		Amount Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
REVENUES:	_				(Beereuse)	(Beereuse)
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	10,443	\$ 12,331	\$	(1,888)	-15.3%
Operating grants and contributions		8,903	8,689		214	2.5%
Capital grants and contributions		6,330	6,500		(170)	-2.6%
General revenues:					, ,	
Taxes						
Property taxes		20,847	24,347		(3,500)	-14.4%
Transient occupancy taxes		1,123	991		132	13.3%
Sales and use taxes		10,479	9,845		634	6.4%
Property taxes in lieu of sales and use tax		3,959	3,144		815	25.9%
Franchise taxes		2,324	2,340		(16)	-0.7%
Utilities users' tax		6,778	7,094		(316)	-4.5%
Other taxes		1,351	1,742		(391)	-22.4%
Earning on investments		2,281	1,817		464	25.5%
Gain/(Loss) on sale of property		24	25		(1)	-4.0%
Miscellaneous		2,529	2,171		358	16.5%
Total revenues	_	77,371	81,036	•	(3,665)	-4.5%
EXPENSES:						
Program activities:						
General government		7,768	7,594		174	2.3%
Public safety		51,958	50,482		1,476	2.9%
Public works		6,767	5,849		918	15.7%
Community services		9,314	9,041		273	3.0%
Community development		8,481	13,825		(5,344)	-38.7%
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation		5,640	5,481		159	2.9%
Interest on long term debt		1,541	2,130		(589)	-27.7%
Water		-	-		-	
Golf		-	-		-	
Transit		-	-		-	
Total expenses	_	91,469	94,402		(2,933)	-3.1%
Excess of revenues over expenses		(14,098)	(13,366)		(732)	5.5%
Extraordinary gain		18,563	-		18,563	
Transfers		2,619	5,757		(3,138)	-54.5%
Change in net assets	\$ _	7,084	\$ (7,609)	\$	14,693	-193.1%

Governmental Activities. The most significant revenues, including transfers, of the governmental activities are taxes (58.6%), which included property taxes (26.1%), sales and use taxes (13.1%), and other taxes (19.4%). Program revenues are 32.1% of the total revenues of the governmental activities, which includes charges for services (13.1%), operating grants and contributions (11.1%) and capital grants and contributions (7.9%). The remaining 9.3% of total revenues is comprised of earnings on investments, miscellaneous, transfers, and gain on sale of property.

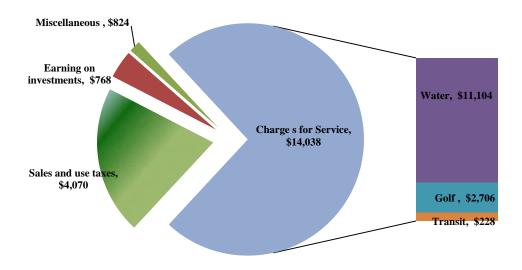


Public safety expenses, which include police and fire service, are the most significant of all governmental expenses at 56.8%. Thereafter, community services (10.2%), community development (9.3%), general government (8.5%), public works (7.4%), unallocated infrastructure depreciation (6.2%), interest on long term debt (1.7%).



Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net assets by \$2.9 million. The most significant revenue generated was from charges from services (71.2%). The balance of revenues is from sales tax (20.7%), earning on investments (3.9%) and miscellaneous (4.2%). Of the charges from services revenue, the most significant revenues generated were from the sales of water and related services (\$11.1 million). The second significant revenue is the revenue generated by users of the golf course (\$2.7 million). The balance (\$228 thousand) is attributable to transit pass sales for the city operated transit services.

Business-type Activities - Revenue by Source



Water related expenses were also the most significant at \$12.2 million or 61.1% of total operating expenses. As with revenues, the transit was next with expenses of \$4.9 million (24.7%) followed by the golf course operation with expenses of \$2.8 million (14.2%).

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35.0 million, a net decrease of \$2.96 million, or 7.8% compared to the restated prior year's balance of \$38.0 million. The change is the result of decreases in the fund balances of the General Fund and other governmental funds offset by increases in Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund and HOME Special Revenue Fund.

The fund balances consisted of nonspendable, restricted, assigned and unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance of \$13.5 million is not available for use and are comprised of long term loans and advances receivable. Restricted fund balance of \$9.2 million can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by applicable law and regulations and external parties such as grantors and creditors. Assigned fund balance of \$6.2 million can be used for capital and economic development projects through the appropriate budget approval process. Unassigned fund balance of \$6.1 million represents the residual balance which is available for appropriation.

Revenues of governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 were \$77.6 million, a decrease of \$4.4 million, or 5.4% from the prior fiscal year total of \$82.0 million. Expenditures of governmental funds were \$88.0 million, a decrease of \$8.5 million, or 8.8% from the prior fiscal year total of \$96.5 million. Excluding other financing sources and uses and special and extraordinary items, governmental fund expenditures exceeded governmental fund revenues by \$10.5 million. Under extraordinary item, there was a gain of \$4.2 million related to the transfer of assets and liabilities from the dissolution of Downey Redevelopment Agency.

The City has three major governmental funds: General Fund, Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund, and HOME Special Revenue Fund. An analysis of significant balances and transactions of the individual major funds has been provided below.

<u>General Fund</u> is the chief operating fund of the City, which is used to account for all discretionary revenues and expenditures necessary to carryout basic government functions that are not accounted for through other special revenue and grant funds.

At the end of the fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$19.9 million, a decrease of \$3.3 million, or 14.4% from the restated preceding year's balance. There was a prior period adjustment of \$2.4 million related to the reversal of sale of land from Community Development Commission of the City of Downey to the City pursuant to AB 1484. The unassigned fund balance was \$6.1 million. Of the remaining fund balance, \$8.9 million was non-spendable fund balance comprised of long-term loans and advances. The restricted fund balance of \$4.9 million is related to restricted cash and investment. As a measure of General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to the total fund expenditures and operating transfer out. The net unassigned fund balance of \$6.1 million represented 8.6% of the total expenditures and operating transfers out of \$71.1 million.

The General Fund's total revenues increased \$4.8 million, or 6.8%, from the previous fiscal year's total revenue of \$69.5 million. All revenue categories declined except Taxes, Charges for services, Other revenue and Sale of property. Significant changes in individual revenue sources are as follows: \$1.4 million increase in taxes, \$1.6 million increase in charges for services, \$761 thousand decrease in investment and rental, and \$220 thousand increase in other revenue.

The General Fund's actual revenues of \$63.8 million were \$1.6 million more than final budgeted revenues of \$62.2 million due to positive variances in Taxes, Intergovernmental Revenues, Charges for service, and Sale of property of \$920 thousand, \$148 thousand, \$1.9 million and \$124 thousand, respectively offset by negative variances in Licenses and permits \$127 thousand, Fines and forfeitures \$361 thousand, Investment and rentals \$673 thousand and other revenue \$342 thousand.

Revenue and Other Financing Sources (inflow) for the General Fund, including comparative amounts from the preceding year, are shown in the following table:

General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources

June 30, 2011 and 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 2012 Actual	Percent of Total	2011 Actual	Percent of Total	crease ecrease)
Taxes	\$ 46,225	68.3%	\$ 44,849	64.6%	\$ 1,376
Licenses and permits	1,094	1.6%	1,107	1.6%	(13)
Fines and forfeitures	1,507	2.2%	1,552	2.2%	(45)
Investment and rental	2,511	3.7%	3,272	4.7%	(761)
Intergovernmental revenue	2,347	3.5%	2,538	3.7%	(191)
Charges for services	7,117	10.5%	5,535	8.0%	1,582
Other revenue	2,855	3.9%	2,416	3.5%	469
Sale of property	124	0.2%	-	0.0%	124
Total Revenues	63,810	93.9%	61,269	88.2%	2,541
Other financing sources	3,911	6.1%	8,210	11.8%	(4,299)
Total Revenues & Other Financing Sources	\$ 67,721	100.0%	\$ 69,479	100.0%	\$ (1,758)

The General Fund's total expenditures decreased \$710 thousand or 1.0%, from the previous fiscal year's total expenditures of \$71.8 million. Changes by functions are as follows: \$102 thousand decrease in general government, \$1.5 million increase in public safety, \$129 thousand increase in public works, \$438 thousand increase in community services, \$1.7 million increase in community development and \$2.4 million decrease in capital outlay.

The General Fund's actual expenditures were slightly more than the final budget. The significant negative variance for community development was mainly due to dissolution of redevelopment agency. Certain redevelopment agency expenditures were absorbed by community development in general fund.

Expenditures and Other Financing Uses for the General Fund, including comparative amounts from the preceding year, are shown in the following table:

General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

June 30, 2011 and 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 2012 Actual	Percent of Total	2011 Actual		Percent of Total	Increase (Decrease)	
General government:							
Legislation	\$ 335	0.5%	\$	292	0.4%	\$	43
City attorney	172	0.2%		180	0.3%		(8)
City clerk	232	0.3%		370	0.5%		(138)
City management	737	1.0%		1,177	1.6%		(440)
Finance	4,817	6.8%		4,376	6.1%		441
Public safety:							
Police	28,844	40.6%		28,192	39.3%		652
Animal control	318	0.4%		-	0.0%		318
Fire	17,311	24.4%		16,783	23.4%		528
Public works	5,453	7.7%		5,324	7.4%		129
Community service	6,794	9.6%		6,356	8.9%		438
Community development	3,680	5.2%		1,990	2.8%		1,690
Capital outlay	-	0.0%		2,400	3.3%		(2,400)
Debt Service:							
Interest and fiscal charges	539	0.8%		511	0.7%		28
Total Expenditures	69,232	97.4%		67,951	94.7%		1,281
Other financing uses	 1,839	2.6%		3,820	5.3%		(1,991)
Total Expenditures & Other Financing Uses	\$ 71,061	100.0%	\$	71,771	100.0%	\$	(710)

Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund. Pursuant to AB X1 26 and the related California Supreme Court decision, all redevelopment agencies were eliminated as of February 1, 2012, and successor agencies were established to wind down the affairs of the dissolved redevelopment agencies. Certain housing assets were transferred to cities and other entities electing to serve as successor housing agencies. Subsequent legislation, AB 1484, added and modified various provisions of AB X1 26 including a mandate that a fund be created to account for the dissolved redevelopment agencies' housing assets and the activities funded with those assets.

The primary sources of revenue for Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund are monthly rents from tenants from the properties redevelopment agency acquired and the loan repayments from various housing loans. Under AB 1484, a revenue stream may be added in the future as 20% of loan repayments to the General Fund by the Successor Agency must also be allocated and deposited into the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund, once the loan is restructured and held valid by the Successor Agency's Oversight Board and approved by the State Department of Finance.

At the end of the fiscal year, the fund balance of \$4.6 million, comprised of non-spendable fund balance (\$4.5 million) related to deferred loans, notes and land held for resale and restricted fund balances (\$29 thousand) related to the cash.

The revenues were \$37 thousand, consisting primarily of rents and loan repayments. The expenditures were \$7 thousand classified as community development expenditures. The resulting operating surplus was \$30 thousand. With the creation of the Fund in this fiscal year, there was an extraordinary gain of \$4.5 million from the transfer of assets and liabilities from the dissolved Redevelopment Agency Housing Fund.

<u>HOME Special Revenue Fund</u> has a total fund balance of \$64 thousand which was restricted for the affordable housing projects. The revenue of \$327 thousand exceeded the expenditure of \$263 thousand by \$64 thousand.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

<u>Water Fund.</u> The net assets decreased \$1.9 million as a result of an increase of \$2.7 million in water sales from the previous year's water sales of \$8.6 million and offset by an increase in operating expenses of \$0.9 million.

<u>Golf Fund.</u> The net assets decreased \$80 thousand at the end of fiscal year. The operating income increased \$47 thousand from the previous fiscal year's net operating income of \$259 thousand. The decrease in Golf Fund's net asset is mostly attributable to the increase cost in maintenance.

<u>Transit Fund.</u> The net assets decreased \$412 thousand during the current fiscal year. Unlike the two other business-type activities, the Transit Fund receives most of its revenues from voter approved sales and use taxes. For the current year, operating loss of \$3.8 million and transfer out of \$817 thousand was not fully offset by the non-operating revenue, including taxes of \$4.1 million and Investment and rental of \$130 thousand. Sales and use taxes attributed to 78.4% of total transit revenues from all sources.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its government and business-type activities at June 30, 2012 was \$246.6 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, projects in progress, buildings, equipment, fixtures and infrastructure. The total changes in the City's investment in capital assets resulted from many various projects, acquisitions and depreciation on assets located throughout the City.

CAPITAL ASSETS (net of accumulated depreciation) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Governmen	ntal activities			Business	-activ	vities	Total				
	:	2011-12		2010-11 Restated	2	2011-12		2010-11		2011-12	2	2010-11	
Land and improvements	\$	20,624	\$	20,608	\$	19,603	\$	19,622	\$	40,227	\$	40,230	
Projects in progress		17,963		12,899		-		-		17,963		12,899	
Buildings		21,566		22,312		8,288		8,644		29,854		30,956	
Land improvements		11,698		12,272		-		-		11,698		12,272	
Machinery & equipment		5,420		6,701		510		692		5,930		7,393	
Furniture & Fixtures		124		165		99		110		223		275	
Infrastructure		127,679		129,116		-		-		127,679		129,116	
Water sup and dist system		-		-		13,048		13,380		13,048		13,380	
Total Capital Assets	\$	205,074	\$	204,073	\$	41,548	\$	42,448	\$	246,622	\$	246,521	

Additional information on the City's assets can be found in the notes to basic financial statements in note 9.

Long-term liabilities. The City's outstanding long-term liabilities including certificates of participation, bonds, a capital lease, advances, loans, compensated absences, and self-insurance totaled \$65.3 million. At June 30, 2012, the City had \$57.1 million in outstanding long-term debt for governmental activities, a decrease of \$22.8 million, or 28.5% from the preceding fiscal year. During this fiscal year, \$26.1 million in bonds and advances from county was transferred to the Successor Agency to Downey Redevelopment Agency pursuant to AB X1 26 and \$1.0 million was retired as scheduled principal payments on the outstanding long-term debt. A decrease of \$291 thousand in outstanding long-term liabilities for business-type activities was due to a net reduction in the Golf Course certificates of participation of \$329 thousand and an increase of \$38 thousand in compensated absences.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental activities			Bu	Business-type activities			Total				
	2011-12		2011-12 2010-11		20	2011-12 2010-11		10-11	2011-12		2010-11	
D 1 11	Ф	10.525	Ф	27.106	ф		ф		ф	10.525	ф	27.104
Bonds payable	\$	19,535	\$	27,186	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,535	\$	27,186
Certificates of participation		-		-		7,401		7,729		7,401		7,729
Capital lease payable		1,032		1,199		-		-		1,032		1,199
Advances from LA County		-		17,338		-		-		-		17,338
Loans from Federal Government		11,904		10,805		-		-		11,904		10,805
Compensated absences		14,187		14,301		736		698		14,923		14,999
Claims payable		10,459		9,100		-		-		10,459		9,100
Total long-term liabilities	\$	57,117	\$	79,929	\$	8,137	\$	8,427	\$	65,254	\$	88,356

Additional information on the City's long-term liabilities can be found in the notes to basic financial statement in note 10.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK - FISCAL YEAR 2012-13

The City's finances and the ability to pay for core services and capital projects are heavily dependent on the economy, legislative actions of the Federal and State governments, and law governing local finances.

The National Bureau of Economic Research (<u>www.nber.org</u>) declared the current recession started in December, 2007 and had ended in June, 2009. It is a long and slow struggle to a real and full economic recovery.

According to a UCLA forecast on California economic outlook for 2013 released in June 2012, the housing industry will stay sluggish but begin to rebound in 2013 while the unemployment rate is expected to fall with an average 9.7% for 2013 and 8.4% for 2014, which is still higher than the U.S. forecast.

The City's total General Fund revenues are projected to increase by a modest 0.5% from last year's budget. Below is a closer look at two key General Fund revenue resources.

- <u>Property Tax.</u> As home value stabilized in the city, the city's property tax revenue anticipates a modest increase of 0.67% in 2012-13 budget.
- <u>Sales Tax.</u> Sales tax revenue is the second largest General Fund revenue source and is projected to increase 9.3% from last year's budget amount.

A portion of the City's revenues are intergovernmental grants and pass-through revenues. Even though local government's revenues are protected under Proposition 22 and Proposition 1A of 2004, both the Federal and State governments can reduce funding for local government if they declare fiscal distress. In fiscal year 2012-13, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development will have a 22% cut in Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds and a 50% cut to HOME grant funds.

In addition, the Governor signed into law Assembly Bill X1 26 (AB X1 26) to eliminate all redevelopment agencies in June 2011. With the California Supreme Court's affirmation, all redevelopment agencies were eliminated as of February 1, 2012, causing an annual revenue loss of over \$4 million for the City that would have otherwise been available to help eliminate blight and revitalize the community.

As part of the budget adoption process, the City annually reviews all of its fees for services to ensure, when possible, fees collected fully support the cost of providing City services. For fiscal year 2013, the City kept 483 fees unchanged, increased 46 fees, deleted 17 fees and created 68 new fees. The City's fee resolution covers fees that generate \$9.9 million for all city funds (\$6.7 million in the General Fund). The proposed changes are projected to increase total fee revenues by approximately \$247 thousand.

Adopted Budget

In June 2012, the City Council adopted an annual operating budget totaling \$135.3 million, excluding Internal Service Funds. In comparison, the total budget amount for 2012-13 is down \$8.8 million from last year's \$144.2 million total budget due to management's continuing efforts to reduce costs as the economy struggles to recover.

In response to the significant revenue losses from the recession and State revenue shifts, the Council promptly took action to make broad budget cuts which included various community events, programs, services and capital projects, and implementation of an early retirement plan referred to as the SERP (Supplemental Early Retirement Plan), layoffs, furlough, reductions to employee benefit packages, deferring non-essential equipment replacements, and elimination of specific frozen positions.

Based on these important actions of the Council and the support of each employee labor bargaining unit, the City was able to close the budget gap and ensure the continued financial stability and solvency of the City.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designated to provide a general overview of the City's finances for our citizens, taxpayers, investors, creditors, and other interested parties and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the public funds it receives and manages. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City of Downey, 11111 Brookshire Avenue, Downey, California 90241-0607. Additional financial information is also available at the City's official website at www.downeyca.org.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Primary Government			
	Governmenta	al Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS:				
Cash and investments	\$ 43,74	4 \$ 9,379	\$ 53,123	
Receivables, net of allowance:				
Taxes	6,46	194	6,660	
Accounts	2,85	1,872	4,729	
Interest	20	00 28	228	
Loans	8,87	- 0	8,870	
Notes	93	-	938	
Internal balances	4,29	(4,291)	-	
Prepaid expenses	16,94	8	16,948	
Due from other governments and entities	55	54 40	594	
Due from Successor Agency	11,54	-	11,547	
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments	10,45	3,549	14,002	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		- 710	710	
Land held for resale	3,59	- 8	3,598	
Inventories	16	59 161	330	
Deferred bond issuance costs	15	230	383	
Capital assets, not depreciated	38,58	10,436	49,023	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	166,48	31,112	197,599	
TOTAL ASSETS	315,85	53,428	369,282	
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,76	7,013	11,780	
Deposits payable		3 137	140	
Interest payable	11	7 141	258	
Retentions payable		- 132	132	
Unearned revenue	27	-	272	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	9,67	1 564	10,235	
Due in more than one year	47,44	7,573	55,019	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	62,27	15,560	77,836	
NET ASSETS:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	193,69	34,378	228,076	
Restricted for:				
Community development	12,68	-	12,682	
Public works	3,21		3,219	
Debt service	10,39		14,656	
Unrestricted	33,58		32,813	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 253,57		\$ 291,446	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Program	m Revenues		
			C	harges	Op	perating	C	apital
				for	Gra	ants and	Grants and	
Functions/programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions	
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	7,768	\$	179	\$	137	\$	-
Public safety		51,958		5,234		2,028		-
Public works		6,767		1,173		2,345		6,330
Community services		9,314		2,414		1,635		-
Community development		8,481		1,443		2,758		-
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation		5,640		-		-		-
Interest on long term debt		1,541		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		91,469		10,443		8,903		6,330
Business-type activities:								
Water		12,207		11,104		-		-
Golf		2,842		2,706		-		-
Transit		4,927		228		-		-
Total business-type activities		19,976		14,038				-
Total	\$	111,445	\$	24,481	\$	8,903	\$	6,330

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Transient occupancy taxes

Sales and use taxes

Property taxes in lieu of sales and use tax

Franchise taxes

Utility users tax

Other taxes

Earning on investments

Gain on sale of property

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Extraordinary gain

Change in net assets

NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED

NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	Changes in	Net As	sets		
Go	vernmental	Busi	ness-type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
\$	(7,452)	\$	-	\$	(7,452)
	(44,696)		-		(44,696)
	3,081		-		3,081
	(5,265)		-		(5,265)
	(4,280)		-		(4,280)
	(5,640)		-		(5,640)
	(1,541)		-		(1,541)
	(65,793)		-		(65,793)
	<u> </u>				<u> </u>
	_		(1,103)		(1,103)
	_		(136)		(136)
	_		(4,699)		(4,699)
			(5,938)		(5,938)
			(3,736)		(3,736)
	(65,793)		(5,938)		(71,731)
	20,847		-		20,847
	1,123		-		1,123
	10,479		4,070		14,549
	3,959		-		3,959
	2,324		-		2,324
	6,778		-		6,778
	1,351		-		1,351
	2,281		768		3,049
	24		-		24
	2,529		824		3,353
	2,619		(2,619)		
	54,314	1	3,043		57,357
	30,042				30,042
	18,563		(2,895)		15,668
	235,015		40,763		275,778
\$	253,578	\$	37,868	\$	291,446

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

AGGERTG	General Fund		Specia	g Authority al Revenue Fund
ASSETS ASSETS:				
Cash and investments	\$	3,526	\$	29
Receivables:	Ф	3,320	Ф	29
Taxes		5,752		
Accounts		1,882		_
Interest		1,882		_
Loans		167		2,530
Notes		_		938
Inventory		_		-
Due from other governments and entities		511		_
Due from other funds		221		_
Restricted assets:		221		
Cash and investments		4,867		_
Advances to Successor Agency		8,897		_
Land held for resale		- 0,077		3,598
Early field for result			-	3,370
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	25,843	\$	7,095
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,148	\$	-
Deposits		-		-
Due to other funds		32		-
Deferred revenue		1,776		2,530
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,956		2,530
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable		8,897		4,536
Restricted		4,867		29
Assigned		-		-
Unassigned		6,123		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		19,887		4,565
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	25,843	\$	7,095

HOME Special Revenue Fund		Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	67	\$	9,679	\$ 13,301		
	_		714	6,466		
	_		949	2,831		
	_		13	200		
	5,644		696	8,870		
	-		-	938		
	_		34	34		
	_		43	554		
	_		32	253		
	-					
	_		56	4,923		
	-		-	8,897		
				 3,598		
\$	5,711	\$	12,216	\$ 50,865		
\$	-	\$	798	\$ 4,946		
	3		-	3		
	-		221	253		
	5,644		696	 10,646		
	5,647		1,715	15,848		
	_		34	13,467		
	64		4,286	9,246		
	_		6,226	6,226		
	-		(45)	6,078		
	6.1					
	64		10,501	35,017		
\$	5,711	\$	12,216	\$ 50,865		

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RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 35,017
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		199,653
Long-term receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and accordingly are deferred in the governmental funds.		10,374
Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various city activities to individual governmental and business-like funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets. Internal Service funds net assets are:		22,660
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Assets:		
Loans payable Claims payable	\$ (11,904) (2,198)	(14,102)
Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets differ from amounts reported in governmental funds due to accrued interest on long-term debt.		(24)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 253,578

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General Fund		Specia	g Authority al Revenue Fund
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$	46,225	\$	-
License and permits		1,094		-
Fines and forfeitures		1,507		-
Investment and rental		2,511		-
Intergovernmental revenue		2,347		-
Charges for services		7,117		-
Other revenue		2,885		37
Sale of property		124		
TOTAL REVENUES		63,810		37
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government		6,293		-
Public safety		46,473		-
Public works		5,453		-
Community services		6,794		-
Community development		3,680		7
Capital outlay		-		-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		539		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		69,232		7
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(5,422)		30
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in		3,372		_
Transfers out		(1,829)		_
Issuance of debt		539		_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		2,082		-
EXTRAORDINARY GAIN (LOSS)				4,535
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(3,340)		4,565
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED		23,227		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	19,887	\$	4,565

HOME Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 1,560	\$ 47,785
.	\$ 1,500	1,094
-	-	1,507
_	128	2,639
327	8,730	11,404
321	2,678	9,795
_	289	3,211
_	207	124
327	13,385	77,559
	13,303	
-	_	6,293
-	112	46,585
-	2,029	7,482
-	1,271	8,065
263	5,354	9,304
-	8,200	8,200
-	510	510
	1,042	1,581
263	18,518	88,020
64	(5,133)	(10,461)
	2 722	(004
-	2,722	6,094
-	(2,346)	(4,175)
	810	1,349
	1,186	3,268
	(302)	4,233
64	(4,249)	(2,960)
	14,750	37,977
\$ 64	\$ 10,501	\$ 35,017

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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (2,960)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current period: Capital expenditures	\$ 9,284	
Depreciation expense	(7,002)	2,282
Repayments on long-term receivables provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while loans provided consume the current financial resources of governmental funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.		616
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as employee benefits and equipment management to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of these internal service funds are reported as governmental activities.		(4,909)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt and changes in other long-term liabilities effects the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has an effect on net assets. Debt transactions involved:		
Principal payments Proceeds from loans from County of Los Angeles Proceeds from Section 108 loan Accrued interest expense added to loan from County of Los Angeles	\$ 510 (812) (810) (736)	
Accretion on loan from Federal Government Claims payable	(539) (667)	(3,054)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds funds:		
Net change in accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities		155
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities are not considered to be available to finance current expenditures and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds: Net change in accrued interest receivable Net change in accrued sales and use tax	\$ 11 613	624
The Downey Community Development Commission was dissolved as of February 1, 2012 pursuant to Assembly Bill 1x26 and 1484. Assets and liabilities of the dissolved Agency as of February 1, 2012 were transferred to the Successor Agency:		
Transfer of accrued interest receivable to the Successor Agency Transfer of long-term debt to the Successor Agency	\$ (241) 26,050	25,809
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 18,563

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	•	pe Activities ise Funds
	Water Fund	Golf Fund
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,988	\$ 1,387
Accounts receivable	1,872	-
Interest receivable	-	6
Taxes receivable	-	-
Due from other governments and entities	5	35
Prepaid costs	-	-
Advances to Successor Agency	-	-
Inventories	128	33
Restricted assets:	1 475	2.074
Cash and investments	1,475	2,074
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		710
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	6,468	4,245
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
Prepaid pension expense	-	-
Bond issuance costs	-	230
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):		
Land	8,272	-
Land improvements	-	9,153
Buildings and improvements	8	5,937
Furniture and fixtures	99	-
Machinery and equipment	28	233
Water supply and distribution plant	13,048	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	21,455	15,553
TOTAL ASSETS	27,923	19,798

Business-typ Enterprise Fund Transit Fund		ds (Co			ernmental etivities - nternal Service Funds
\$	5,004	\$	9,379	\$	30,443
	-		1,872		26
	22		28		-
	194		194		-
	-		40		-
	8		8		-
	-		-		2,650
	-		161		135
	-		3,549		5,530
			710		<u>-</u>
	5,228		15,941		38,784
					16040
	-		220		16,940
	-		230		153
	2,164		10,436		-
	14		9,167		-
	2,343		8,288		-
	-		99		-
	249		510		5,421
			13,048		
	4,770		41,778		22,514
	9,998		57,719		61,298

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds				
		Water Fund		Golf Fund	
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM CURRENT ASSETS:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	6,413	\$	199	
Deposits payable		87		50	
Retentions payable		-		-	
Interest payable		-		141	
Compensated absences		189		-	
Claims payable		-		-	
Capital lease payable		-		-	
Pension obligation bonds		-		-	
Certificates of participation				350	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,689		740	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Compensated absences		477		-	
Claims payable		_		-	
Capital lease payable		_		_	
Pension obligation bonds		_		_	
Certificates of participation				7,050	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		477		7,050	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,166		7,790	
NET ASSETS:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		21,455		8,153	
Restricted for debt service		1,475		2,784	
Unrestricted		(2,173)		1,071	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	20,757	\$	12,008	

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal fund activities related to enterprise funds

Net assets of business-type activities

Ente Ti	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds (Continued) Totals Transit Enterprise Fund Funds		Ac Ii S	ernmental tivities - nternal ervice Funds	
\$	401 - 132 - 25 -	\$	7,013 137 132 141 214 - - 350	\$	1,055 - 93 4,234 3,499 174 280
	558		7,987		9,335
			.,,,,,,		
	46 - - -		523 - - - 7,050		9,953 3,528 858 19,255
	46		7,573		33,594
	604		15,560		42,929
	4,770 - 4,624		34,378 4,259 3,522		4,389 5,530 8,450
\$	9,394		42,159	\$	18,369
			(4,291)		
		\$	37,868		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds				
	Water Fund			Golf Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services:					
Water sales	\$	11,104	\$	-	
Golf fees		-		2,705	
Bus fares		-		-	
Other services		-		1	
Miscellaneous		60			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		11,164		2,706	
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Purchased water		6,633		-	
Maintenance and operations		1,628		1,977	
General and administrative		2,986		-	
Employee benefits		-		-	
Amortization		-		17	
Depreciation		584		406	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		11,831		2,400	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(667)		306	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Taxes		-		-	
Investment and rental		239		399	
Interest expense		-		(362)	
Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets				(75)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		239		(38)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		(428)		268	
TRANSFERS IN		-		-	
TRANSFERS OUT		(1,454)		(348)	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS					
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		(1,882)		(80)	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED		22,639		12,088	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	20,757	\$	12,008	

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal fund activities related to enterprise funds Change in net assets of business-type activities

	sit	ds (Co	rotals atterprise Funds	Governr Activi Inter Serv Fur	ties - rnal rice
\$	_	\$	11,104	\$	_
Ψ	_	Ψ	2,705	Ψ	_
	228		228		_
			1	2	26,818
	764		824		1,128
	992		14,862	- 2	27,946
	-		6,633		-
	4,574		8,179		889
	-		2,986		532
	-		-	3	31,004
	-		17		7
	213		1,203		1,728
	4,787		19,018		34,160
(3,795)		(4,156)		(6,214)
	4.070		4.070		
	4,070		4,070		1 240
	130		768		1,349
	-		(362) (75)		(1,289)
	4,200	-	4,401		60
	7,200		7,701		- 00
	405		245	((6,154)
	_		_		700
	(817)		(2,619)		-
			-		24
	(412)		(2,374)		(5,430)
	9,806			2	23,799
\$	9,394			\$ 1	18,369
		\$	(521) (2,895)		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds			
		Water Fund		Golf Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		10.660	Φ.	
Receipts from customers	\$	10,660	\$	2,692
Receipts from user departments		-		-
Payment to suppliers		(4,095)		(1,916)
Payment to employees		(2,341)		(45)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		4,224		731
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash received from other funds		-		-
Cash paid to other funds		(1,454)		(348)
Principal paid		-		-
Interest paid				
NET CASH USED BY				
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,454)		(348)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition of capital assets		(216)		(103)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(210)		21
Capital contributions		_		(78)
Taxes received		_		-
Principal paid on debt		_		(340)
Interest paid on debt				(357)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL				
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(216)		(957)
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(216)		(857)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest received		238		401
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,792		(73)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,671		4,244
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	4,463	\$	4,171

I	Business-typ	e Act	ivities	Gove	ernmental
Ent	Enterprise Funds (Continued)			Ac	tivities -
	Totals		I	nternal	
T	ransit	Er	Enterprise		Service
]	Fund		Funds		Funds
\$	985	\$	14,337	\$	-
	-		-		27,918
	(3,724)		(9,735)		(24,380)
	(709)		(3,095)		(7,689)
	(3,448)		1,507		(4,151)
	_		_		700
	(817)		(2,619)		-
	-		-		(235)
	_		_		(1,237)
				-	
	(817)		(2,619)		(772)
	(6)		(325)		(447)
	-		21		-
	_		(78)		24
	4,426		4,426		_
	, -		(340)		(167)
	_		(357)		(52)
	4,420		3,347		(642)
	140		779		1,349
	295		3,014		(4,216)
	4,709		10,624		40,189
\$	5,004	\$	13,638	\$	35,973

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds			
			Golf Fund	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME				
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED)				
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(667)	\$	306
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to				
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		584		423
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(527)		-
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments and entities		20		(15)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(66)		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable				
and accrued liabilities		4,833		17
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		3		-
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		-		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		44		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	4,224	\$	731
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -				
FINANCIAL STATEMENT CLASSIFICATION:				
Current assets	\$	2,988	\$	1,387
Restricted assets	*	1,475	*	2,784
		-,	-	
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
FINANCIAL STATEMENT CLASSIFICATION	\$	4,463	\$	4,171

En	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds (Continued) Totals Transit Enterprise Fund Funds		Ac I	ernmental etivities - nternal Service Funds	
\$	(3,795)	\$	(4,156)	\$	(6,214)
	213		1,220		1,735
	(8) - -		(535) 5 (66)		(24) - 112 644
	146 - - (4)		4,996 3 - 40		(768) - 479 (115)
\$	(3,448)	\$	1,507	\$	(4,151)
\$	5,004	\$	9,379 4,259	\$	30,443 5,530
\$	5,004	\$	13,638	\$	35,973

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

ACCETC.	Private-Purpose Trust Fund	A	Total Agency Funds	
ASSETS:	¢ 4.026	¢.	0.007	
Cash and investments	\$ 4,936	\$	8,007	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	663		-	
Interest receivable	266		136	
Land held for development	2,858			
TOTAL ASSETS	8,723	\$	8,143	
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	320	\$	518	
Interest payable	153		-	
Deposits payable	3		7,625	
Due to City of Downey	11,547		-	
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	275			
Due in more than one year	26,301			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	38,599	\$	8,143	
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT):				
Restricted for private purpose	(29,876)			
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)	\$ (29,876)			

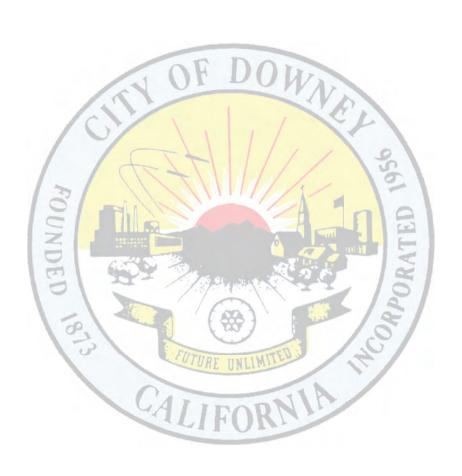
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For period from February 1, 2012 to June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund	
ADDITIONS:		
Taxes	\$ 1,135	
Investment and rental	 65	
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 1,200	
DEDUCTIONS:		
Current:		
Community development	355	
Interest expense	 679	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	1,034	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS, BEFORE		
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM	166	
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS	 (30,042)	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(29,876)	
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF PERIOD, FEBRUARY 1, 2012	 <u>-</u>	
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ (29,876)	

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The basic financial statements of the City of Downey (the City) include the activities of the City, the Community Development Commission of the City of Downey (the Commission), the City of Downey Public Facilities Financing Corporation (the Corporation) and the City of Downey Housing Authority (the Housing Authority).

The <u>City of Downey</u> was incorporated in 1956 under the General Laws of the State of California and became a charter City in 1964. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government governed by a five-member council and provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, paramedic and ambulance), highways and streets, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity are based on the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City of Downey is the primary government unit. Component units are those entities which are financially accountable to the primary government, either because the City appoints a voting majority of the component unit's board, or because the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the City. The City has accounted for the Commission, Corporation and Housing Authority as "blended" component units. Despite being legally separate, these entities are so intertwined with the City that they are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Accordingly, these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, the Community Development Commission of the City of Downey, the City of Downey Public Facilities Financing Corporation and the City of Downey Housing Authority. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year end, except for the Community Development Commission of the City of Downey which was dissolved as of January 31, 2012.

The <u>Community Development Commission of the City of Downey</u> was established in January 1976 pursuant to the California Community Redevelopment Laws. The Commission's initial project area consisted of four sub-areas. Two are located in the central downtown area, one in the eastern portion of the City, and one in the southern portion of the City. The objectives of the redevelopment project are the elimination and prevention of blight, the improvement and/or construction of public facilities, roads and other public improvements, and the attraction and facilitation of new developments within the project area for purposes of increasing the City's residential, commercial and industrial resources. The activity of the Commission is reported in the Debt Service and Capital Project Funds for the period July 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012 at which date the Commission was dissolved (see Notes 18 and 19). The Commission does not prepare separate Basic Financial Statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Description of the Reporting Entity (Continued)

The <u>City of Downey Public Facilities Financing Corporation</u>, formerly known as City of Downey Civic Center Corporation, is a non-profit corporation organized June 1, 1981 for the purpose of assisting, through the issuance of revenue bonds, the financing necessary to construct public buildings and facilities for the City. The activities of the Corporation are reported in the proprietary fund financial statements as part of the golf enterprise fund. The Corporation prepares separate Basic Financial Statements and a copy can be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

The <u>City of Downey Water Facilities Corporation</u> is a non-profit corporation, organized for the purpose of assisting, through the issuance of leasehold mortgage bonds, the financing necessary to acquire and/or construct a water supply and distribution system for the City. The Corporation has no assets and liabilities and during the fiscal year had no activity.

The <u>City of Downey Housing Authority</u> was established by the City Council on October 22, 1974, and is responsible for the administration of providing affordable housing in the City. The Housing Authority is governed by a five-member Board of Director which consists of members of the City Council. Certain assets of the former redevelopment agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were transferred to the Housing Authority at February 1, 2012. The Housing Authority's financial transactions are reported in the Special Revenue Funds. The Housing Authority does not prepare separate Basic Financial Statements.

The City is a participant in two joint ventures (see Note 15), which are not considered part of the reporting entity and the City does not exercise primary oversight responsibilities for their operations.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government (including its blended component units) is reported separately from discretely presented component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City has no discretely presented component units.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued):

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by the GASB in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activity, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Separate financial statements for the City's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and other funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. Fiduciary statements, even though excluded from the government-wide financial statements, include financial information that represent the private purpose trust fund and agency funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary and private purpose trust fund financial statements. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their Statements of Net Assets. Operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all the eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period. Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. However, special reporting treatments are used to indicate that they should not be considered "available spendable resources" since they do not represent net current assets. Recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by noncurrent receivables is deferred until they become current receivables.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term liabilities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City's Fiduciary Funds consists of the private purpose trust fund which is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the agency funds which have no measurement focus, but utilizes the accrual basis for reporting its assets and liabilities.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the City follow Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

D. Fund Classifications

The funds designated as major funds are determined by a mathematical calculation. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all revenues and expenditures that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and associated expenditures to be used for increasing or improving low and moderate income housing.

The <u>HOME Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the HOME Investment Partnership Program.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The <u>Water Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for the provision of water services to residential, commercial and industrial customers.

The <u>Golf Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for all revenues and expenses related to the City - operated golf course, driving range and clubhouse.

The <u>Transit Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for the City-operated senior citizen and handicapped bus service and the fixed route Downey link bus system.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Fund Classifications (Continued)

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

The <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or otherwise designated for specific purposes.

The <u>Debt Service Funds</u> are used to account for the collection, and payment of, resources used to repay long-term debt and related interest.

The <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The <u>Internal Service Funds</u> are used to account for the financing of special activities that provide services within the City. These activities include compensation and other employee benefits, and equipment purchase and maintenance.

The <u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> is used to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the Community Development Commission of the City of Downey.

The <u>Agency Funds</u> are used to account for money and property held by the City as trustee, agent or custodian. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The City's fund structure also includes the following departmental classifications:

Operating expenditures of the City are classified by department. Departmental classifications are defined as follows:

<u>General Government Department</u> includes the legislative, city clerk, city attorney, city manager, personnel, finance, purchasing, and information technology divisions.

<u>Public Safety Department</u> includes police, fire and paramedic, and animal control operations.

<u>Public Works Department</u> includes maintenance and engineering divisions.

<u>Community Services Department</u> includes the recreation, theatre, social services, and the library divisions.

<u>Community Development Department</u> includes planning, redevelopment and building safety divisions.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Cash and Investments

The City pools idle cash from all funds for purposes of increasing income through investment activities. Investments are stated at fair value (quoted market price or best available estimate thereof). The City intends to either hold the investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. Interest income on investments is allocated among funds on the basis of average monthly cash and investment balances (see Note 3).

F. Accounts Receivable

The City extends credit to customers in the normal course of operations. The City accounts for potential losses in accounts receivable utilizing the allowance method. The City has provided an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$54,508 at June 30, 2012. Management evaluates all accounts receivable and if it is determined that they are uncollectible they are written off as a bad debt expense.

G. Inventories and Land Held for Resale

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in first-out basis and are accounted for under the consumption method, whereby inventories are capitalized and recorded as expenditures as used. Water Utility Fund inventories consist primarily of water pipes, valves, and fittings. Inventories of fuel are recorded in the Equipment Fund.

Land held for resale is valued at the lesser of cost, net realizable value or contracted sales price.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated original cost where no historical records exist. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the date of contribution. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$500 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of 1 year or more.

Capital assets include additions to public domain (infrastructure), certain improvements including pavement, curb and gutter, sidewalks, traffic control devices, streetlights, sewers, bridges and right-of-way corridors within the City. The City has valued and recorded all infrastructure asset data as of June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the Government-wide Financial Statements and in the Fund Financial Statements of the Enterprise Funds. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective Statements of Net Assets.

The lives used for depreciation purposes of each capital asset class are:

Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Water distribution lines	50 years
Water tanks, meters, hydrants, and other equipment	15 to 40 years
Vehicles	3 to 15 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years
Office furniture, computers and equipment	10 years
Infrastructure	20 to 50 years

I. Compensated Absences

The City is obligated to pay all unused vacation to all employees. All vacation is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Governmental fund types recognize the vested vacation time as an expenditure in the current year to the extent it is paid during the year.

J. Claims and Judgments

Expenditures for claims and judgments are recognized when it is probable that the liability has been incurred at year-end and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims payable include a provision for Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims. Claims payable, which will be liquidated from current resources, are recorded in the General Fund and Internal Service Funds.

K. Statement of Cash Flows

A substantial portion of the City's investments are in short-term, highly liquid instruments, with original maturities of three months or less (excluding fiscal agent investments). The Enterprise and Internal Service Funds participate in the pooling of City-wide cash and investments. Amounts from the pool are available to these funds on demand. As a result, the cash and investments for the Enterprise and Internal Services Funds are considered to be cash and cash equivalents for the statement of cash flows purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Specifically, the City has made certain estimates and assumptions relating to the collectibility of its accounts and notes receivable, depreciation of capital assets, amounts due from other funds and amounts advanced to other funds, the valuation of property held for resale, and the ultimate outcome of claims and judgments. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

M. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 30, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAXES

Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, Los Angeles County, which administers property tax collections for the City of Downey, establishes the assessed valuation roll on January 1 and property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on that date. After the fiscal year has started on July 1, taxes are levied prior to September 1 and are payable in two installments on November 1 (delinquent December 10) and February 1 (delinquent April 10). Assessed valuation is computed at 100% of full cash value; however, due to the 2% annual increase limit per Article XIII-A of the State Constitution, the roll does not fully reflect cash value. Property is reassessed to full cash value when it is sold or otherwise transferred.

When property is sold after the normal January 1 lien date, a supplemental property tax is levied representing the difference between the tax levy based on the property value as of January 1 and the tax based on the new value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2012 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows (in thousands):

	V State	ernment Vide ment of Assets	Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Assets			Total
Unrestricted assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	53,123	\$	12,943	\$	66,066
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments		14,002		-		14,002
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		710		663		1,373
Total Cash and Investments	\$	67,835	\$	13,606	<u>\$</u>	81,441
Cash and investments at June 30, 2012 cons	sisted of	the follow	ing (in t	housands):		
Demand accounts Petty cash					\$	8,487 6
Investments						72,948
Total Cash and Investments					<u>\$</u>	81,441

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage Allowed	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
United States Treasury Bills, Bonds and Notes	5 years	None	None
United States Government Sponsored Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Small Business Administration Loans	5 years	None	None
California Local Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
Certificates of Deposits (or Time Deposits)	5 years	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	5 years	30%	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	20%	10%
Commercial Paper	270 days	15%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None
Municipal Bonds	5 years	None	None
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. Investments authorized for funds held by bond trustee include, United States Treasury Obligations, United States Government Sponsored Agency Securities, Certificates of Deposits, Commercial Paper, Local Agency Bonds, Bankers' Acceptances, Money Market Mutual Funds, Investment Agreements and any other investments permitted by bond insurer. There were no limitations on the maximum amount that can be invested in one issuer, maximum percentage allowed or the maximum maturity of an investment, except for the maturity of Bankers' Acceptance and Certificates of Deposits which are limited to one year and 270 days, respectively.

D. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity (in thousands):

	R	ns)			
	12 Months	13 - 24	25 - 60	Over 60	
Investment Type	or Less	Months	Months	Months	<u>Total</u>
United States Treasury Notes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,946	\$ 13,946
United States Government					
Sponsored Agency Securities:					
FHLMC	-	-	6,259	-	6,259
FHLB	2,049	-	1,993	-	4,042
FNMA	-	5,140	21,926	-	27,066
FFCB	-	-	3,005	-	3,005
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	6,123	1,019	-	-	7,142
Local Agency Investment Fund	10,115	-	-	-	10,115
Held by Bond Trustee:					
Money Market Mutual Funds	730	-	-	-	730
Investment Agreements				643	643
	<u>\$ 19,017</u>	<u>\$ 6,159</u>	<u>\$ 33,183</u>	<u>\$ 14,589</u>	<u>\$ 72,948</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

E. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required, at the time of purchase, by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating, as reported by Standard and Poor's, as of year end for each investment type (in thousands):

				Not					
		Total	Minimum	Require	d				
Investment		as of	Legal	to be					
Туре	June	30, 2012	Rating (1)	Rated		AAA	AA+	Other	Unrated
United States Treasury Notes	\$	13,946	N/A	\$ 13,9	46	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
United States Government Sponsored									
Agency Securities:									
FHLMC		6,259	N/A		-	-	6,259	-	-
FHLB		4,042	N/A		-	-	4,042	-	-
FNMA		27,066	N/A		-	-	27,066	-	-
FFCB		3,005	N/A		-	-	3,005	-	-
Medium-Term Corporate Notes		7,142	A		-	-	-	7,142	-
Local Agency Investment Fund		10,115	N/A		-	-	-	-	10,115
Held by Bond Trustee:									
Money Market Mutual Funds		730	A		-	730		-	-
Investment Agreements		643	N/A	-	_	=			643
TOTAL	\$	72,948		\$ 13,9	46	\$ 730	\$ 40,372	\$ 7,142	\$ 10,758

N/A - Not Applicable

The actual ratings for the Medium-Term Corporate Notes are as follows:

Other:	
A	

A	\$	4,095
AA-		1,019
A-		2,028
	<u>\$</u>	7,142

(1) Requirement is applicable at the time of investment purchase. All investments at June 30, 2012 were in compliance with the minimum legal rating requirement at time of purchase.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total City's investments (excluding held by trustees) are as follows (in thousands):

Lagran	Investment Type		eported	Percent of
Issuer	Investment Type	_ <u>A</u>	mount_	<u>Investment</u>
Federal Home Loan	United States Government			
Mortgage Corporation	Sponsored Agency Securities	\$	6,259	8.59 %
Federal Home Loan Bank	United States Government Sponsored Agency Securities		4,042	5.54 %
Federal National Mortgage Association	United States Government Sponsored Agency Securities		27,066	37.10 %

G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2012, the City deposits (bank balances) were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

H. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

As of June 30, 2012, amounts due from/to other funds were as follows (in thousands):

Due to General Fund from:	
Other Governmental Funds	\$ 221
Due to Other Governmental Funds from:	
General Fund	 32
	\$ 253

The amounts loaned by the General Fund to the Other Governmental Funds were to provide short-term loans to fund operations of the various funds.

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following (in thousands):

Transfers Out	Transfers In	A	mount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	1,129
	Internal Service Funds		700
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		1,739
	Other Governmental Funds		607

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers (in thousands) (Continued):

Transfers Out	Transfers In	A	mount
Water Enterprise Fund	General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$	1,285 169
Golf Enterprise Fund	General Fund		348
Transit Enterprise Fund	Other Governmental Funds		817
		\$	6,794

The General Fund transferred \$1,129,000 to Other Governmental Funds to provide for capital expenditures to subsidize the Learning Center's operations and \$700,000 to the Equipment Internal Service Fund to provide for new equipment purchases.

The Water and Golf Enterprise Funds transferred \$1,285,000 and \$348,000 to the General Fund, respectively, to reimburse the General Fund for certain program, administrative and overhead expenditures. The Water Enterprise Fund and the Transit Enterprise Fund transferred \$169,000 and \$817,000, respectively, to Other Governmental Funds to provide funding for capital expenditures.

Other Governmental Funds transferred \$607,000 to the Other Governmental Funds for various street related programs expenditures and \$1,739,000 to the General Fund to provide for infrastructure and street maintenance reimbursement.

NOTE 5 - ADVANCES RECEIVABLE FROM SUCCESSOR AGENCY

As of June 30, 2012, amounts advanced to the Successor Agency were as follows (in thousands):

Advances from General Fund	\$ 8,897
Advances from Employee Benefits	
Internal Service Fund	 2,650
	\$ 11,547

The advances from the General Fund and Employee Benefit Internal Service Fund to the Successor Agency are to provide for operations of the Successor Agency. The collectability of the balance is subject to the approval of the Department of Finance. See Note 18 for additional information.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - LAND HELD FOR RESALE

As of June 30, 2012, the Housing Authority has properties for redevelopment purposes for resale to developers at a capitalized cost of \$3,598,000.

NOTE 7 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

The City has provided deferred-payment rehabilitation loans to qualifying low-income households in connection with the CDBG, Home Investment Partnership housing rehabilitation programs. Due to the long-term nature of the loans, the City has recorded deferred revenue as an offset to loans receivable which totaled \$8,870,000 at June 30, 2012.

NOTE 8 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City has adopted a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457 for its eligible employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the City for amounts earned by them to be paid at a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are termination by reason of death, disability, resignation or retirement, or unforeseeable emergency.

The plan permits all city employees to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. Amounts accumulated under the plan have been invested by third party operators at the direction of the employee.

Pursuant to changes in August 1996 of IRC Section 457, the City formally established a trust in which it placed the 457 Plan assets and income. The assets, all property and rights purchased with such amounts, and all income attributable to such amounts, property, or rights are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of all participants and their beneficiaries. These assets are not the property of the City, and as such are not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors. As a result, these 457 plan assets are not reported in the City's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the Governmental Activities capital assets at June 30, 2012 is as follows (in thousands):

	Balances at June 30, 2011 (as Restated Note 20)	Additions	Deletions	Balances at June 30, 2012
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 20,608	\$ 16	\$ -	\$ 20,624
Projects in progress	12,899	9,268	(4,204)	17,963
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	33,507	9,284	(4,204)	38,587
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	37,304	-	-	37,304
Land improvements	18,855	-	-	18,855
Equipment	23,870	536	(89)	24,317
Furniture and fixtures	299	-	-	299
Infrastructure	270,553	4,204		274,757
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	350,881	4,740	(89)	355,532
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(14,992)	(746)	-	(15,738)
Land improvements	(6,583)	(574)	-	(7,157)
Equipment	(17,169)	(1,728)	-	(18,897)
Furniture and fixtures	(134)	(41)	-	(175)
Infrastructure	(141,437)	(5,641)		(147,078)
Total accumulated depreciation	(180,315)	(8,730)		(189,045)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	170,566	(3,990)	(89)	<u>166,487</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 204,073</u>	<u>\$ 5,294</u>	<u>\$ (4,293)</u>	<u>\$ 205,074</u>
ee independent auditors' report.				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities depreciation expense, excluding infrastructure, was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

General Government	\$ 435
Public Safety	200
Public Works	41
Community Services	686
Internal Service Funds depreciation charges to program	 1,728
Allocated depreciation	3,090
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation	 5,640
Total depreciation expense -governmental activities	\$ 8,730

A summary of changes in the Business-type Activities capital assets at June 30, 2012 is as follows (in thousands):

	WATER FUND							
	Balances at			Balances at				
	June 30, 2011	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2012				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 8,272	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,272				
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	217	-	-	217				
Furniture and fixtures	324	-	-	324				
Machinery and equipment	323	-	-	323				
Water supply and								
distribution system	28,953	217		29,170				
Total capital assets								
being depreciated	29,817	217		30,034				
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	(206)	(3)	-	(209)				
Furniture and fixtures	(214)	$) \qquad (11)$	-	(225)				
Machinery and equipment	(274)	(21)	-	(295)				
Water supply and								
distribution system	(15,573)	(549)		(16,122)				
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,267)	(584)		(16,851)				
Total capital assets								
being depreciated, net	13,550	(367)		13,183				
Water Fund capital assets, net	\$ 21,822	\$ (367)	\$ -	<u>\$ 21,455</u>				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

A summary of changes in the Business-type Activities capital assets at June 30, 2012 is as follows (in thousands) (Continued):

	GOLF FUND							
	Bala	inces at				Bal	ances at	
	June	30, 2011	A	dditions	Deletions	June	30, 2012	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements	\$	10,743	\$	-	\$ -	\$	10,743	
Buildings and improvements		8,217		-	-		8,217	
Machinery and equipment		565		103	(106)		562	
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		19,525		103	(106)		19,522	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		(1,572)		(18)	-		(1,590)	
Buildings and improvements		(1,978)		(302)	-		(2,280)	
Machinery and equipment		(329)		(86)	86		(329)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,879)		<u>(406</u>)	86		(4,199)	
Golf Fund capital assets, net	\$	15,646	\$	(303)	<u>\$ (20)</u>	\$	15,323	
	TRANSIT FUND							
	Bala	inces at		IIIIII	Trond	Ral	ances at	
		30, 2011	Α	dditions	Deletions		30, 2012	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	0 4110	20, 2011		<u>aannons</u>	Bototions	<u>o carre</u>	50, 2012	
Land	\$	2,164	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	2,164	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		277		_	_		277	
Buildings and improvements		2,973		_	_		2,973	
Machinery and equipment		965		3	_		968	
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		4,215		3			4,218	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		(262)		(1)	_		(263)	
Buildings and improvements		(579)		(51)	_		(630)	
Machinery and equipment		(558)		(161)	_		(719)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,399)		(213)			(1,612)	
Total capital assets,		, ,/					/	
being depreciated		2,816		(210)			2,606	
Transit Fund capital assets, net	\$	4,980	\$	(210)	<u>\$</u>	\$	4,770	
ee independent auditors' report.								

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Noted below is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Transfers (a)	Balance June 30, 2012	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Bonds payable	\$ 27,350	\$ -	\$ (495)	\$ (7,165)	\$ 19,690	\$ 280
Less deferred charges:						
Bond discounts	(164)		9		(155)	
Total bonds payable	27,186	-	(486)	(7,165)	19,535	280
Capital lease payable	1,199	-	(167)	-	1,032	174
Advances from County	17,338	1,547	-	(18,885)	-	-
Loans from Federal						
Government	10,805	1,349	(250)	-	11,904	250
Compensated absences	14,301	-	(114)	-	14,187	4,234
Claims payable	9,100	1,359	_		10,459	4,733
Total governmental						
activities long-term						
liabilities	\$ 79,929	<u>\$ 4,255</u>	<u>\$ (1,017)</u>	\$ (26,050)	\$ 57,117	\$ 9,671
Business-type Activities:						
Compensated absences	\$ 698	\$ 38	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 736	\$ 214
Golf Course Certificates						
of Participation	7,830	-	(340)	-	7,490	350
Add (less) deferred items:						
Bond premium	11	-	(1)	-	10	-
Loss on refunding	(112)	=	13		(99)	
Total business-type activities long-term						
liabilities	<u>\$ 8,427</u>	\$ 38	<u>\$ (328)</u>	\$ -	\$ 8,137	<u>\$ 564</u>

⁽a) The transfers relate to the transfer of long-term liabilities to the successor agency from the former the redevelopment agency. See Notes 18 and 19 for additional information.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities

Bonds Payable

2005 Pension Obligation Bonds

In June 2005, the City issued \$20,635,000 taxable pension obligation bonds. Bond proceeds were used to satisfy a portion of the City's requirement to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability with respect to retirement benefits accruing to members of the City. The par amount of the bonds comprised of \$1,955,000 serial bonds and \$18,680,000 term bonds. Principal on serial bonds mature in amounts from \$90,000 to \$395,000, the interest at 4.030% to 4.775% through June 1, 2015. Principal on the term bonds mature on June 1, 2020, 2025 and 2034, the interest rate at 4.885% to 5.083%. The term bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to their maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part on any date, at the redemption price equal to the lesser of (a) 100% of the principal amount on the term bonds to be redeemed; or (b) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of the principal and interest to be redeemed.

The future debt service requirements on these bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2013	\$ 280,000	\$ 987,949	\$ 1,267,949
2014	335,000	974,957	1,309,957
2015	395,000	959,045	1,354,045
2016	460,000	940,184	1,400,184
2017	530,000	917,713	1,447,713
2018 - 2022	3,845,000	4,125,103	7,970,103
2023 - 2027	4,645,000	3,009,056	7,654,056
2028 - 2032	5,975,000	1,785,404	7,760,404
2033 - 2034	3,225,000	249,320	3,474,320
	19,690,000	13,948,731	33,638,731
Less deferred charges			
on refunding	(155,000)	_	(155,000)
Total	\$ 19,535,000	<u>\$ 13,948,731</u>	\$ 33,483,731

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Capital Lease Payable

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental
	Activities
Equipment	\$ 1,956,931
Less: accumulated depreciation	(295,613)
	<u>\$ 1,661,318</u>

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental
June 30,	<u>Activities</u>
2013	\$ 218,885
2014	218,885
2015	130,561
2016	130,561
2017	130,561
2018 - 2020	391,683
Total minimum lease payments	1,221,136
Less: amounts representing interest	(188,678)
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 1,032,458</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Loans from Federal Government

In 2004, the City received a Section 108 Loan from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The payment schedule as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

 Year Ending June 30		<u>P</u>	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest	Total		
2013		\$	250,000	\$	31,875	\$	281,875	
2014			250,000		19,325		269,325	
2015			250,000		6,488		256,488	
	Total	\$	750,000	\$	57,688	\$	807,688	

In 2011, the City received a Section 108 Loan from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The payment schedule as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		 Total	
2013	\$	-	\$	18,768	\$ 18,768	
2014		-		18,768	18,768	
2015		-		18,768	18,768	
2016		81,000		18,768	99,768	
2017		81,000		18,274	99,274	
2018-2022	4	05,000		70,101	475,101	
2023-2025	2	43,000		17,937	260,937	
	' <u>'</u>			<u>.</u>	 	
Total	\$ 8	10,000	\$	181,384	\$ 991,384	

In addition, on April 21, 2000, the City purchased 67 acres of land from the federal government for which the City must pay \$14,897,223 on April 21, 2019. The City has recorded this transaction as a loan valued at \$10,344,000 as of June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Compensated Absences

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, compensated absences are as follows (in thousands):

	 Total
Vacation	\$ 3,645
Sick Leave	9,499
Compensatory Time	 1,779
Total	\$ 14,923
Amount reported in governmental activities	\$ 14,187
Amount reported in business-type activities	 736
	\$ 14,923

The compensated absences are predominantly associated with the General fund.

Claims Payable (Self-Insurance)

The City has three types of claims it has to manage and account for. The City is a member of Independent Cities Risk Management Authority (ICRMA), an Authority that provides liability insurance for several California Cities, and employs independent claims administrators to accomplish this task. The three types of claims are workers' compensation, employee health benefits and general liability. The self-insured retention and limits of insurance coverage (each occurrence or per employee, per year) for the respective claims are as follows:

			Limit of	
	Sel	f-Insured	Insurance	
	Re	etention	Coverage	
Workers' Compensation	\$	750,000 \$	50,000,000	
Employee Health Benefits		85,000	1,000,000	
General Liability		2,000,000	20,000,000	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Claims Payable (Self-Insurance) (Continued)

Changes in the workers' compensation, employee health benefits, and general liability outstanding claims liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2012 were as follows:

	Claims		Current Year					Claims
		Payable		Claims and		Current		Payable
		Balance	Changes in			Year		Balance
	Ju	ne 30, 2010	Estimates			Payments	Ju	ne 30, 2011
Workers' Compensation	\$	4,563,000	\$	2,198,000	\$	1,301,000	\$	5,460,000
Employee Health Benefits		1,029,000		4,410,000		4,351,000		1,088,000
General Liability		2,292,000		528,000		268,000		2,552,000
		Claims	ns Current Year					Claims
		Payable	C	Claims and Current		Payable		
		Balance	Changes in			Year		Balance
	Ju	June 30, 2011		<u>Estimates</u>		Payments	Ju	ne 30, 2012
Workers' Compensation	\$	5,460,000	\$	2,283,000	\$	1,863,000	\$	5,880,000
Employee Health Benefits		1,088,000		4,646,000		4,587,000		1,147,000
General Liability		2,552,000		1,027,000		147,000		3,432,000

The amounts payable include Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims. Payments are typically paid from General Fund and Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund. The various amounts are based on information provided by the City's claims administrators.

At June 30, 2012, in the opinion of the City Attorney, the City had no other material claims which would require loss provision in the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities

2002 Golf Course Certificates of Participation

The 2002 Certificates of Participation, consisting of \$7,045,000 serial certificates and \$2,865,000 of term certificates, were issued by the City of Downey Public Facilities Financing Corporation. The proceeds were used to refund in advance the 1970 and 1993 bond issues and for improvements to the facilities. The serial certificates are payable in annual installments ranging from \$270,000 to \$495,000 through August 1, 2022. The term certificates are due on August 1, 2027. Serial certificates maturing on or after August 1, 2012 are subject to call for prepayment prior to their respective stated maturities, at the option of the Corporation, at prices ranging from 100% to 102% of the principal amount of the certificates. Interest is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1, with rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.02%. At June 30, 2012, bonds outstanding were \$7,490,000.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$197,756. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a reduction from bonds payable, is being charged to interest expense through the year 2020. The City completed the advance refunding to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$176,000. The advance refunding increased the City's debt service by approximately \$1,031,000.

Future debt service requirements on these certificates are as follows:

Year Ending				
<u>June 30,</u>	P	rincipal	 <u>Interest</u>	 Total
2013	\$	350,000	\$ 349,035	\$ 699,035
2014		365,000	334,553	699,553
2015		380,000	318,995	698,995
2016		395,000	302,230	697,230
2017		415,000	284,203	699,203
2018-2022		2,225,000	1,114,798	3,339,798
2023-2027		2,730,000	511,750	3,241,750
2028		630,000	 15,750	 645,750
Subtotal		7,490,000	3,231,314	10,721,314
Add (less) deferred				
amounts:				
Bond premium		10,307	-	10,307
Loss on refunding		(100,377)	 <u>=</u>	 (100,377)
Total	\$	7,399,930	\$ 3,231,314	\$ 10,631,244

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 11 - UNEARNED/DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue consists of \$8,870,000 in deferred loan payments from participants in the City's housing program (see Note 7) and \$1,776,000 in other long-term receivables.

NOTE 12 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS:

The fund balances reported on the fund statements consist of the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - This classification includes the residual balance for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balance first.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply committed fund balance first, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

The City's governmental fund balances at June 30, 2012 are tabulated (in thousands) below.

	General Fund		Au S Re	ousing athority pecial evenue Fund	Sp Re	OME pecial venue Fund	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Totals</u>	
Nonspendable:										
Land held for resale	\$	-	\$	3,598	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,598
Long-term receivables		8,897		938		-		-		9,835
Inventory		-		-		-		34		34
Restricted for:										
Debt service		4,867		-		-		-		4,867
Low and moderate income housing		_		29		64		504		597
Special revenue purposes		-		-		-		3,782		3,782
Assigned:										
Special revenue purposes		_		_		_		2,339		2,339
Capital projects		-		-		-		3,887		3,887
Unassigned		6,123				<u>-</u>		<u>(45</u>)		6,078
	\$	19,887	\$	4,565	\$	64	\$	10,501	\$	35,017

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Downey contributes to the State of California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), which is an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agency for most of the public agencies in California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their Executive Office - 400 P Street Sacramento, CA 95814, or downloaded from the website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Funding Policy

Participants are required to contribute 8% (9% for safety employees) of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2012 were 17.368% for non-safety employees and 26.725% for safety employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Costs

The City's annual pension cost and net pension asset for the current year were as follows (in thousands):

	Miscellaneous		 Safety	<u>Total</u>		
Annual required contribution	\$	3,197	\$ 6,050	\$	9,247	
Interest on net pension asset		(151)	(508)		(659)	
Adjustment to annual required contribution		299	 1,004		1,303	
Annual pension cost		3,345	6,546		9,891	
Contributions made		(3,197)	 (6,050)		(9,247)	
Decrease in net pension asset		148	496		644	
Net pension asset - beginning of year		(4,039)	 (13,545)		(17,584)	
Net pension asset - end of year	\$	(3,891)	\$ (13,049)	\$	(16,940)	

The net pension asset is reported as part of prepaid expenses in the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Annual Pension Costs (Continued)

The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) a rate of return on the investment of 7.75% a year (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service ranging from 3.55% to 14.45% for miscellaneous members and 3.55% to 13.15% for safety members, (c) inflation of 3.00%, (d) payroll growth of 3.25% and (e) individual salary growth based on a merit scale varying by duration of employment coupled with an assumed annual inflation component of 3.00% and an annual production growth of 0.25%. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period (smoothed market value). The Plans' initial unfunded liabilities are amortized over a closed period that depends on the Plans' date of entry into CalPERS. Subsequent plan amendments are amortized as a level percentage of pay over a closed 20 year period. Gains and losses that occur in the operation of the plan are amortized over a rolling period, which results in an amortization of 6% of unamortized gains and losses each year. If the Plans' accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of plan assets, then the amortization payment on the total unfunded liability may not be lower than the payment calculated over a 30 year amortization period. The remaining amortization period was 24 years and 29 years for the Miscellaneous Plan and Safety Plan, respectively.

Three –Year Trend Information for PERS (\$ amounts in thousands) - Miscellaneous

Fiscal	Annual Pension Cost		Percentage of	N	et Pension
Year		(APC)	APC Contributed	C	<u> bligation</u>
June 30, 2010	\$	2,018	94%	\$	(4,171)
June 30, 2011		2,355	94%		(4,039)
June 30, 2012		3,345	96%		(3,891)

Three –Year Trend Information for PERS (\$ amounts in thousands) - Safety

Fiscal	Annual	Pension Cost	Percentage of	N	let Pension
Year		(APC)	APC Contributed	(<u>Obligation</u>
June 30, 2010	\$	4,225	91%	\$	(13,987)
June 30, 2011		4,789	91%		(13,545)
June 30, 2012		6,546	92%		(13,049)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the miscellaneous and safety plans were 83.6% and 84.0% funded, respectively. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits were \$144,892,087 and \$281,587,432, respectively and the actuarial value of assets were \$121,080,491 and \$236,609,577, respectively, resulting in unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) of \$23,811,596 and \$44,977,855, respectively. The covered payrolls (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) were \$16,285,693 and \$21,430,329, respectively, and the ratios of the UAAL to the covered payrolls were 146.2% and 209.9%, respectively.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about rates of employee turnover, retirement, mortality, as well as economic assumptions regarding claim costs per retiree, healthcare inflation and interest rates. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Plan Description

In connection with the retirement benefits for employees described in Note 13, the City provides post-retirement medical benefits to retirees. The Plan is a single employer plan. These benefits are available to employees who retire with the City with at least 10 years of service or those who satisfy certain disability requirements. The retiree is entitled to participate in the City sponsored medical plan and the City contributes up to \$98.00 (\$270 for sworn police and fire employees) per month toward the premium for employee only coverage under the City sponsored medical plans. A surviving spouse may continue coverage after the retiree's death, but does so entirely at his or her own expense or receives medical reimbursement payment on a quarterly basis for the cost of alternate medical insurance up to the amount of the retiree medical annuity in effect. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City, City council, and/or the employee associations. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the City elected to fund 100% of the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The ARC for fiscal year 2011-12 was \$1,622,516.

Annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Cost

The required contribution for the fiscal year 2012 was determined as part of the July 1, 2010, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increase of 3.25%, and (c) medical plan premium cost will increase at a rate ranging from 5% to 9.5%. The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability will be amortized as a level percentage of pay over closed period of 30 years.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Three-Year Trend Information

For fiscal year 2012, the City's annual OPEB cost (expense) of \$1,622,516 was equal to the ARC.

		Percentage		
Fiscal	Annual	of Annual	Net	
Year	OPEB	OPEB Cost	OPEB	
Ended	Cost	Contributed	Asset	_
6/30/10	\$ 2,117,021	78.00 %	\$	-
6/30/11	1,609,657	100.00 %		-
6/30/12	1,622,516	100.00 %		_

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2010, the most current actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$16.90 million and the actuarial value of assets was \$2.90 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$14.0 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$29.77 million and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 47.0%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about rates of employee turnover, retirement, mortality, as well as economic assumptions regarding claim costs per retiree, healthcare inflation and interest rates. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTE 15 - JOINT VENTURES

The City is a participant in three joint ventures. The joint ventures are not considered part of the reporting entity, as the City does not exercise primary oversight responsibilities for their operations. Each participating agency in these joint ventures has proportionate control over management, budgets, and financial decisions.

<u>Southeast Area Animal Control Authority</u>. This joint venture provides animal control services to nine cities in the southeast Los Angeles County area. The Authority is governed by a nine-member board with one representative from each member city. Each member is obligated to contribute annually. The Authority is not currently experiencing financial stress on accumulating significant resources. The City has no equity interest in the Authority and does not receive a share of operating results. Separate audited financial statements for the Authority may be obtained at 9777 Seaaca Street, Downey, CA 90241.

Joint Fire Dispatching Center. In this joint venture, the City operates as a cooperative program with the cities of Santa Fe Springs and Compton. The City receives all calls for fire emergency services and dispatches fire units for the four-city area. The program is financed with contributions from each city per a Joint Powers Agreement. Pro-rata expenditures and revenues are reported as part of the Fire Department. Separate audited financial statements are not prepared for the joint venture.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 15 - JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Gateway Authority (Gateway Region IRWM Joint Powers Authority). This joint venture was formed through a directive of COG (Gateway Cities Council of Governments) in 2007 and was designated by the State of California as an Integrated Regional Water Management Group. This coalition is currently comprised of 19 cities and government entities and is responsible for the regional water planning needs in the Gateway Cities Region. The Gateway Authority is governed by the member cities and agencies and financed with contributions from each city per a Joint Powers Agreement. The City through January 31, 2012, was the lead agency. The City of Signal Hill took over as lead agency effective February 1, 2012.

NOTE 16 - MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS

On October 1, 1983, the City of Downey issued, in conjunction with Kern County, Residential Mortgage Revenue Bonds, 1983, Series A, to provide funds in the amount of \$4,709,125 to purchase mortgage loans to be secured by single-family condominium units in the City. The bonds are special obligations of the County of Kern – City of Downey Housing Finance Agency.

On March 13, 1985, the City of Downey issued, in conjunction with the cities of Covina, Rancho Cucamonga, and Calexico, Residential Mortgage Revenue Bonds, 1985, Series A, to provide funds in the amount of \$1,937,040 to purchase loans to be secured by single-family condominium units in the City. The bonds are special obligations of the Covina-Rancho Cucamonga-Calexico-Downey Housing Finance Agency. Seattle First National Bank serves as trustee.

On May 15, 1985, the City of Downey issued, in conjunction with the cities of El Monte and San Jacinto, Single-Family Residential Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Issue of 1985, to provide funds in the amount of \$1,950,000 to purchase loans to be secured by single-family condominium units in the City. The bonds are special obligations of the El Monte-Downey-San Jacinto Housing Finance Agency. Seattle First National Bank serves as trustee.

On August 8, 2001, the City of Downey issued, in conjunction with the California Statewide Communities Development Authority, Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, Series S and S-T, to provide funds in the amount of \$3,300,000 to purchase loans to be secured by multifamily apartment complex in the City. The bonds are limited obligations of the California Statewide Communities Development Authority payable solely from the revenues from the multifamily apartment complex. U.S. Bank Trust National serves as trustee.

The above debt issues are special obligations of the respective Housing Finance Agencies and are payable solely from payments made on mortgage loans and are secured by a pledge of such mortgage loans. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City of Downey have been pledged to the payment of the bonds. Accordingly, these debts are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 17 - OTHER REQUIRED DISCLOSURES

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following departments/funds reported expenditures in excess of appropriations (in thousands):

Major Fund:	
General Fund:	
General Government:	
Legislation	\$ 38
Finance	170
Public Safety:	
Fire	382
Community Development	1,513
Debt Service:	
Interest and fiscal charges	539
Other Governmental Funds - Other Special Revenue Funds:	
Street Lighting- Community Development	216
Air Quality - Public Works	1
Grants:	
Public Safety	44
Community Services	232
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG):	
Community Development	146

Deficit Fund Balance

The following fund reported a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2012 (in thousands):

Other Governmental Funds - Other Special Revenue Fund:
Grants \$ 11

The deficit will be eliminated through the receipt of future grant revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 18 - RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES

On June 29, 2011, Assembly Bills 1x 26 (the "Dissolution Act") and 1x 27 were enacted as part of the fiscal year 2011-12 state budget package. The Dissolution Act required each California redevelopment agency to suspend nearly all activities except to implement existing contracts, meet already-incurred obligations, preserve its assets and prepare for impending dissolution. Assembly Bill 1x 27 provided a means for redevelopment agencies to continue to exist and operate by means of a Voluntary Alternative Redevelopment Program.

The League of California Cities and the California Redevelopment Association (CRA) filed a lawsuit on July 18, 2011 on behalf of cities, counties and redevelopment agencies petitioning the California Supreme Court to overturn the Dissolution Act and Assembly Bill 1x 27 on the grounds that these bills violate the California Constitution.

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld the Dissolution Act and struck down Assembly Bill 1x 27.

On June 27, 2012, as part of the fiscal year 2012-13 state budget package, the Legislature passed and the Governor signed AB 1484, which made technical and substantive amendments to the Dissolution Act based on experience to-date at the state and local level in implementing the Dissolution Act.

Under the Dissolution Act, each California redevelopment agency (each a "Dissolved RDA") was dissolved as of February 1, 2012, and the sponsoring community that formed the Dissolved RDA, together with other designated entities, have initiated the process under the Dissolution Act to unwind the affairs of the Dissolved RDA. A Successor Agency was created for each Dissolved RDA which is the sponsoring community of the Dissolved RDA unless it elected not to serve as the Successor Agency. On January 10, 2012, the City elected to serve as the Successor Agency of the Community Development Commission of City of Downey.

The Dissolution Act also created oversight boards which monitor the activities of the successor agencies. The roles of the successor agencies and oversight boards is to administer the wind down of each Dissolved RDA which includes making payments due on enforceable obligations, disposing of the assets (other than housing assets) and remitting the unencumbered balances of the Dissolved RDAs to the County Auditor-Controller for distribution to the affected taxing entities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 18 - RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The Dissolution Act allowed the sponsoring community that formed the Dissolved RDA to elect to assume the housing functions and take over the certain housing assets of the Dissolved RDA. If the sponsoring community does not elect to become the Successor Housing Agency and assume the Dissolved RDA's housing functions, such housing functions and all related housing assets will be transferred to the local housing authority in the jurisdiction. AB 1484 modified and provided some clarifications on the treatment of housing assets under the Dissolution Act. The Downey Housing Authority elected on January 10, 2012 to serve as the Housing Successor Agency.

Prior to February 1, 2012, the final seven months of activity of the Dissolved RDA are reported in the governmental funds of the City. After the date of dissolution, the housing assets, obligations, and activities of the Dissolved RDA have been transferred and are reported in the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund in the financial statements of the City. All other assets, obligations, and activities of the Dissolved RDA have been transferred and are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the Dissolved RDA as of February 1, 2012 (except for certain assets of the former Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, which were transferred to the Downey Housing Authority) (effectively the same date as January 31, 2012) from the governmental funds of the City to the fiduciary fund was reported in the governmental funds as an extraordinary loss (or gain) in the governmental fund financial statements. The receipt of these assets and liabilities as of February 1, 2012 was also reported in the fiduciary fund as an extraordinary gain (or loss).

Because of the different measurement focus of the governmental funds (*current financial resources measurement focus*) and the measurement focus of the fiduciary private-purpose trust fund (*economic resources measurement focus*), the extraordinary loss (gain) recognized in the governmental funds was not the same amount as the extraordinary gain (loss) that was recognized in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 18 - RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The difference between the extraordinary loss recognized in the fund financial statements and the extraordinary gain recognized in the fiduciary fund financial statements is reconciled as follows (in thousands):

Total extraordinary gain reported in governmental funds - decrease to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund	\$ (4,233)
Accrued interest receivable reported in the government-wide financial statements - increase to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund	241
Long-term debt reported in the government-wide financial statements - decrease to the net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund	 (26,050)
Net decrease to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund as a result of initial transfers (equal to amount of extraordinary gain reported in the government-wide financial statements of the City)	\$ (30,042)

The Dissolution Act and AB 1484 also establish roles for the County Auditor-Controller, the California Department of Finance (the "DOF") and the California State Controller's office in the dissolution process and the satisfaction of enforceable obligations of the Dissolved RDAs.

The County Auditor-Controller is charged with establishing a Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (the "RPTTF") for each Successor Agency and depositing into the RPTTF for each six-month period the amount of property taxes that would have been redevelopment property tax increment had the Dissolved RDA not been dissolved. The deposit in the RPTTF fund is to be used to pay to the Successor Agency the amounts due on the Successor Agency's enforceable obligations for the upcoming six-month period.

The Successor Agency is required to prepare a recognized obligation payment schedule (the "ROPS") approved by the oversight board setting forth the amounts due for each enforceable obligation during each six month period. The ROPS is submitted to the DOF for approval. The County Auditor-Controller will make payments to the Successor Agency from the RPTTF fund based on the ROPS amount approved by the DOF. The ROPS is prepared in advance for the enforceable obligations due over the next six months. The Successor Agency received \$1,134,989 from the County Auditor-Controller on June 5, 2012 for the ROPS for the period July 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 18 - RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The process of making RPTTF deposits to be used to pay enforceable obligations of the Dissolved RDA will continue until all enforceable obligations have been paid in full and all non-housing assets of the Dissolved RDA have been liquidated.

The low and moderate income housing fund of the former redevelopment agency transferred loans in the amount of \$3,454,101 and real property in the amount of \$3,598,000 to Downey Housing Authority as the Housing Successor Agency on February 1, 2012 as authorized by Health and Safety Code Section 34176(a)(2).

The former redevelopment agency made principal and interest payments totaling \$3,438,662 on advances from the City of Downey for the period January 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012. These payments may have to be paid back by the City if the California Department of Finance determines that the repayments on these advances were on loans not made within the first two years of the formation of the former redevelopment agency.

Advances from City of Downey

AB 1484 specifies the actions to be taken and the method of repayment for advances by the Successor Agency to the various funds of the City. Upon application and approval by the successor agency and approval by the oversight board, loan agreements (advances) entered into by former redevelopment agency and the city shall deemed to be enforceable obligations provided that the oversight board makes a finding that the advances were for legitimate redevelopment purposes. The accumulated interest on the remaining amount of advances will be recalculated from origination at the interest rate earned by funds deposited into the Local Agency investment Fund. The advances are to be repaid with a defined schedule over a reasonable term of years at an interest rate not to exceed the interest rate earned by the funds deposited into the Local Agency Investment Fund. The annual advances repayments are subject to certain limitations. Advance repayments shall not be prior to the 2013-2014 fiscal year, are subject to a formula distribution, and have a lower priority for repayment as described in AB 1484 (Health and Safety Code Section 34191.4(2)(A). The advances related to the borrowing for the SERAF payment have a priority over repayment of the other advances. 20% of the repayment of the other advances not related to the SERAF advances shall be deducted and transferred to the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund (Housing Authority). Management of the City has not recorded an allowance for uncollectible advances as all the advances are expected to be repaid.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 18 - RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The State Controller of the State of California has been directed to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between Dissolved RDA and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the Dissolved RDA due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the Successor Agency under the requirements of the Dissolution Act and AB 1484. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

NOTE 19 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY DISCLOSURES

The assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency were transferred to the Successor Agency to the Community Development Commission of the City of Downey on February 1, 2012 as a result of the dissolution of the former redevelopment agency. The City is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the assets and liabilities. Disclosures related to these transactions are as follows.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the period from February 1, 2012 through June 30, 2012 (in thousands) was as follows:

	Balance		Transfers (a)					Balance		Amount
	June 30,	February 1,						June 30,		Due Within
	2011		2012	Ad	ditions	_	Reductions	 2012		One Year
Bond payable	\$	- \$	7,165	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,165	\$	275
Advances from County			18,885		526	_	<u> </u>	 19,411	_	
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u>	26,050	\$	526	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 26,576	\$	275

(a) The transfers relate to the transfer of long-term liabilities from the former redevelopment agency. The Successor Agency of the Community Development Commission of the City of Downey has assumed these liabilities as a result of the dissolution of the former redevelopment agency. See Note 18 for additional information.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 19 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Bonds Payable

1997 Tax Allocation Bonds Payable

In 1997 the Community Development Commission issued \$9,925,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds, partially to advance refund the existing 1990 Tax Allocation bond issue, which had a balance outstanding of \$4,470,000, and to repay the City for advances of \$3,970,508 plus interest. The bonds have an average interest rate of 5.1%. U.S. Bank serves as trustee for payment of principal and interest. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2012 is \$7,165,000.

The future debt service requirements on these bonds are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total		
2013	\$ 275,000	\$ 359,987	\$ 634,987		
2014	290,000	345,681	635,681		
2015	305,000	330,435	635,435		
2016	320,000	314,420	634,420		
2017	335,000	297,634	632,634		
2018 - 2022	1,950,000	1,205,656	3,155,656		
2023 - 2027	2,500,000	638,064	3,138,064		
2028 - 2029	1,190,000	61,755	1,251,755		
Total	<u>\$ 7,165,000</u>	\$ 3,553,632	\$ 10,718,632		

Advances from County

As part of the City's redevelopment program, the City and County of Los Angeles have entered into a tax increment pass-through deferral agreement. This agreement specifies that the City will defer the payment of all current tax increment pass-through due to the County, until some future date, when certain conditions are met. Until that time, the County will charge 7% interest on the outstanding deferral amount. During the year pass-through agreement amounts owed to the County totaling \$812,000 were deferred. Interest of \$1,261,000 was also accrued during the year on the outstanding deferral amount still owing. The amount owed the County, including accrued interest, at June 30, 2012 was \$19,411,000.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2012

NOTE 20 - RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

The net assets reported in the government-wide financial statements as of July 1, 2011 were restated as follows:

	vernmental activities	Business-Type Activities		
Net assets as previously reported - July 1, 2011	\$ 234,557	\$	41,827	
To reverse sale of land by Redevelopment Agency to the City	458		-	
To increase balance of payables	 _		(1,064)	
Net assets as restated - July 1, 2011	\$ 235,015	\$	40,763	

The fund balances/net assets reported in the fund financial statements as of July 1, 2011 were restated as follows:

									Proprietary
			Othe	er G	overnmental Fu	nds		Fund	
					Woodruff				
					Industrial		Firestone		
					Project	Re	edevelopment		
			Firestone	Re	edevelopment		Capital		Water
	General	D	ebt Service	Ι	Debt Service		Projects		Enterprise
	 Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
Fund balances (deficits)/net assets as									
previously reported - July 1, 2011	\$ 20,827	\$	(5,554)	\$	(1,519)	\$	328	\$	23,703
To reverse sale of land by Redevelopment Agency									
to the City	2,400		(2,200)		(200)		2,858		-
To increase balance of payables	 			_		_			(1,064)
Fund balances (deficits)/net assets									
as restated - July 1, 2011	\$ 23,227	\$	(7,754)	\$	(1,719)	\$	3,186	\$	22,639

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

For the year ended June 30, 2012

CITY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN MISCELLANEOUS PLAN

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (a)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (a) - (b)	Funded Ratio (b)/(a)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(a)-(b)]/(c)
06/30/09	\$ 131,017,182	\$ 111,905,234	\$ 19,111,948	85.41%	\$ 17,361,583	110.08%
06/30/10	136,593,097	116,015,449	20,577,648	84.94%	17,140,908	120.05%
06/30/11	144,892,087	121,080,491	23,811,596	83.57%	16,285,693	146.21%
			SAFETY PLA! Unfunded	N		
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			UAAL
	Accrued	Value of	Accrued		Annual	as a
Actuarial	Liability	Assets	Liability	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	(AAL)	(AVA)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(b)/(a)	(c)	[(a)-(b)]/(c)
06/30/09 06/30/10	\$ 252,532,361 266,382,907	\$ 219,370,271 226,906,534	\$ 33,162,090 39,476,373	86.87% 85.18%	\$ 21,348,540 21,389,693	155.34% 184.56%
06/30/11	281,587,432	236,609,577	44,977,855	84.03%	21,430,329	209.88%

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

						Unfunded Actuarial
		Entry Age	Unfunded			Accrued
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			Liability as a
Actuarial	Asset	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Value	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)	(a)/(b)	(c)	[(b)-(a)]/(c)
07/01/08 07/01/10	\$ - 2,900,721	\$ 12,070,000 16,896,612	\$ 12,070,000 13,995,891	0.00% 17.17%	\$ 28,419,000 29,768,632	42.47% 47.02%

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Budgeted	A moi	unte			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
		Driginal	Amo	Final		Actual		
REVENUES:		nigilial		1 mai		Actual	(Negative)	
Taxes	\$	45,305	\$	45,305	\$	46,225	\$	920
Licenses and permits	Ψ	1,221	Ψ	1,221	Ψ	1,094	Ψ	(127)
Fines and forfeitures		1,868		1,868		1,507		(361)
Investment and rental		3,184		3,184		2,511		(673)
Intergovernmental revenue		2,199		2,199		2,347		148
Charges for services		5,175		5,175		7,117		1,942
Other revenue		3,227		3,227		2,885		(342)
Sale of property		3,221		3,227		124		124
TOTAL REVENUES	-	62,179		62,179		63,810	-	1,631
TOTAL REVENUES		02,179		02,179		03,610		1,031
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government:		•••		• • •		22.5		(20)
Legislation		292		297		335		(38)
City attorney		189		189		172		17
City clerk		363		428		232		196
City management		821		821		737		84
Finance		3,549		4,647		4,817		(170)
Public safety:								
Police		29,721		29,721		28,844		877
Animal control		330		330		318		12
Fire		16,929		16,929		17,311		(382)
Public works		5,007		6,117		5,453		664
Community services		7,247		7,256		6,794		462
Community development		2,167		2,167		3,680		(1,513)
Debt service:								
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		539		(539)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		66,615		68,902		69,232		(330)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(4,436)		(6,723)		(5,422)		1,301
(CIABLE) EM EMBITORES		(1,150)		(0,723)		(3,122)		1,501
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		2,580		2,580		3,372		792
Transfers out		(2,441)		(2,441)		(1,829)		612
Issuance of debt		-		-		539		539
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		139		139		2,082		1,943
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(4,297)		(6,584)		(3,340)		3,244
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR,								
AS RESTATED		23,227		23,227		23,227		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	18,930	\$	16,643	\$	19,887	\$	3,244

See independent auditors' report and note to required supplementary information.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOME SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

			l Amounts				Final Po	nce with Budget esitive
DEVENIUM	Orig	ginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES:	¢.		Ф		Ф	227	Ф	227
Intergovernmental revenue	\$		\$		\$	327	\$	327
TOTAL REVENUES						327		327
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development						263		(263)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES						263		(263)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-		64		64
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR								
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	64	\$	64

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY DATA

The City is required by its charter to adopt an annual budget on or before June 30th for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, the proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. This "appropriated budget" covers substantially all City expenditures, with the exception of debt service on bonds, which expenditures constitute legally authorized "non-appropriated budget." There are no significant non-budgeted activities, except for the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund which did not exist at the time that the budget was adopted. The City Council passes various amendments to the budget during the year. Supplementary appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2012 increased budgeted expenditures from \$135,347,232 as adopted in the original budget, to \$136,048,896.

The City prepares its budgets on the basis of actual expenditures and, accordingly, the budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are presented on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The level of budgetary control is the department level, classified in accordance with Note 1D, within the fund. However, the City Manager is authorized to transfer amounts between divisions within a department without seeking City Council approval.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized during the fiscal year, whereby purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are recorded in order to control appropriations. At year end, all appropriations and encumbrances are canceled (allowed to lapse) and thus they are not included in reported expenditures. However, encumbrances at year end are reported as reservations of fund balance.

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OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The combining statements for Other Governmental Funds represent a consolidation of the information for specific funds contained in the Supplementary Financial Statements. These statements summarize the financial information contained in Other Special Revenue Funds, Other Debt Service Funds, Other Capital Projects Funds, Internal Service Funds and Agency Funds.

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	R	pecial evenue Funds	Ser	ebt vice nds	P	Capital rojects Funds		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	5,760	\$	-	\$	3,919	\$	9,679
Receivables:								
Taxes		708		-		6		714
Accounts		949		-		-		949
Interest		13		-		-		13
Loans		696		-		-		696
Inventory		34		-		-		34
Due from other governments and entities		38		-		5		43
Due from other funds		32		-		-		32
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments		56						56
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,286	\$		\$	3,930	\$	12,216
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	755	\$	-	\$	43	\$	798
Due to other funds		221		-		-		221
Deferred revenue		696						696
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,672				43		1,715
FUND BALANCES:								
Nonspendable		34		_		_		34
Restricted		4,286		_		_		4,286
Assigned		2,339		_		3,887		6,226
Unassigned		(45)						(45)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		6,614				3,887		10,501
TOTAL LIABILITIES	¢	0 206	¢		¢	2 020	¢	12 216
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	8,286	\$		\$	3,930	\$	12,216

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 12	\$ 1,548	\$ -	\$ 1,560
Investment and rental	79	(14)	63	128
Intergovernmental revenue	7,366	-	1,364	8,730
Charges for services	2,678	-	-	2,678
Other revenue	208	39	42	289
TOTAL REVENUES	10,343	1,573	1,469	13,385
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public safety	112	-	-	112
Public works	2,029	-	-	2,029
Community services	1,271	-	-	1,271
Community development	2,579	508	2,267	5,354
Capital outlay	6,665	-	1,535	8,200
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	250	260	-	510
Interest and fiscal charges	48	994		1,042
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,954	1,762	3,802	18,518
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,611)	(189)	(2,333)	(5,133)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	2,218	_	504	2,722
Transfers out	(2,346)	_	-	(2,346)
Issuance of debt	810	<u> </u>		810
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	682	<u> </u>	504	1,186
EXTRAORDINARY GAIN (LOSS)		9,662	(9,964)	(302)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,929)	9,473	(11,793)	(4,249)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -				
BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	8,543	(9,473)	15,680	14,750
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,614	\$ -	\$ 3,887	\$ 10,501

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for taxes and other revenues set aside in accordance with law or administrative regulations for a specified purpose.

<u>Waste Reduction Fund</u> is used to account for funds collected pursuant to AB 939 and used to pay for recycling and other waste reduction programs.

<u>Street Lighting Fund</u> is used to account for the property taxes and assessments levied on real property located within the City's Street Lighting District. The revenues in this fund are used to pay for the electric and other costs associated with the street lights, traffic signals and street trees.

<u>Gas Tax Fund</u> is required by state law to account for gas taxes allocated by the State. The State levies various taxes on gasoline and other motor fuels, which are allocated among the State, cities and counties by formula.

<u>Sewer and Storm Drain Fund</u> is used to account for charges collected for the upkeep of sanitary sewers and federally required drainage upkeep programs.

<u>CATV Public Access Fund</u> is used to account for revenues received from the City's cable TV franchise company pursuant to the franchise agreements.

Air Quality Fund is used to account for all charges related to air quality, such as car pooling, etc.

<u>Grants Fund</u> is used to account for revenues received from various grants for park and other non-street capital improvements.

<u>CDBG Fund</u> is required by federal regulations to account for the use of grant funds received from the federal government. Other revenues in this fund are reimbursements of loans to beneficiaries of a particular housing program or the sale of real property in the furtherance of block grant programs. All such other revenue are "program income" and are considered to be federal revenues.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

AGGETG		Vaste luction		treet ghting	G	as Tax
ASSETS	¢.	400	Ф	77.5	¢.	1.560
Cash and investments	\$	489	\$	775	\$	1,562
Receivables:				4.4		597
Taxes Accounts		26		44 20		397
Interest		20		3		-
Loans		2		3		6
		-		-		-
Inventory Due from other governments and antities		-		-		-
Due from other governments and entities Due from other funds		-		-		-
Restricted assets:		-		-		-
						5.0
Cash and investments	-					56
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	517	\$	842	\$	2,221
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES:			•	44.6	•	202
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	11	\$	116	\$	392
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Deferred revenue						
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11		116		392
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Nonspendable		_		_		_
Restricted		506		726		1,829
Assigned		500		720		1,027
Unassigned		-		_		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)		506		726		1,829
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	517	\$	842	\$	2,221

wer and rm Drain	ATV Access	Air uality	G	rants	 DBG	 Totals
\$ 2,280	\$ 57	\$ 597	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,760
_	_	_		67	_	708
103	-	-		-	800	949
-	-	2		-	-	13
-	-	-		-	696	696
-	-	-		34	-	34
-	-	35		3	-	38
-	-	32		-	-	32
 		 			 	 56
\$ 2,383	\$ 57	\$ 666	\$	104	\$ 1,496	\$ 8,286
\$ 44 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 2 -	\$	38 77	\$ 152 144 696	\$ 755 221 696
 44	 	 2		115	 992	 1,672
_	_	_		34	_	34
_	57	664		-	504	4,286
2,339	-	_		-	-	2,339
 -				(45)	 -	 (45)
 2,339	 57	 664		(11)	 504	 6,614
\$ 2,383	\$ 57	\$ 666	\$	104	\$ 1,496	\$ 8,286

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Waste Reduction	Street Lighting	Gas Tax		
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 12	\$ -		
Investment and rental	10	6	12		
Intergovernmental revenue	63	-	5,023		
Charges for services	415	568	- -		
Other revenue	1		17		
TOTAL REVENUES	489	586	5,052		
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public safety	-	-	-		
Public works	258	-	-		
Community services	243	-	-		
Community development	-	1,622	-		
Capital outlay	-	-	6,174		
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	501	1,622	6,174		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(12)	(1,036)	(1,122)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	161	-	641		
Transfers out	-	-	(1,537)		
Issuance of debt					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	161		(896)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	149	(1,036)	(2,018)		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	357	1,762	3,847		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 506	\$ 726	\$ 1,829		

Sewer an			TV	Air								
Storm Dra	in	Public	Access	Qu	ıality	G	rants	C	DBG		Totals	
\$	- 42 -	\$	-	\$	- 9 141	\$	- - 314	\$	- - 1,825	\$	12 79 7,366	
1,5			-		141		180		1,023		2,678	
	8						79		103		208	
1,5	65				150		573		1,928		10,343	
	_		-		-		112		-		112	
1,4	87		-		171		113		-		2,029	
	-		-		-		1,025		3		1,271	
	-		-		-		-		957		2,579	
	17		-		-		-		474		6,665	
	-		-		-		-		250		250	
-								-	48		48	
1,5	04				171		1,250		1,732		12,954	
	61				(21)		(677)		196		(2,611)	
7	19		-		-		697		-		2,218	
	-		-		-		-		(809)		(2,346)	
	_								810		810	
7	19						697		1		682	
7	80		-		(21)		20		197		(1,929)	
1,5	59		57		685		(31)		307		8,543	
\$ 2,3	39	\$	57	\$	664	\$	(11)	\$	504	\$	6,614	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WASTE REDUCTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Or	iginal		Final	Α	ctual			
REVENUES:		<u> </u>			-				
Investment and rental	\$	1	\$	1	\$	10	\$	9	
Intergovernmental revenue		74		74		63		(11)	
Charges for services		710		410		415		5	
Other revenue		2		2		1		(1)	
TOTAL REVENUES		787		487		489		2	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public works		325		325		258		67	
Community services		269		269		243		26	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		594		594		501		93	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		193		(107)		(12)		95	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in		161		161		161			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		354		54		149		95	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		357		357		357			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	711	\$	411	\$	506	\$	95	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STREET LIGHTING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		Budgeted				Variance wit Final Budge Positive		
DEVENUE O	<u>O:</u>	riginal	 Final	I	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	344	\$ 344	\$	12	\$	(332)	
Investment and rental		25	25		6		(19)	
Charges for services		1,181	 1,181		568		(613)	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,550	1,550		586		(964)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development		1,406	 1,406		1,622		(216)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		144	144		(1,036)		(1,180)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,762	1,762		1,762			
				· <u> </u>				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,906	\$ 1,906	\$	726	\$	(1,180)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

						Fina	ance with	
		Budgeted	Amo			Positive (Negative)		
	O	riginal		Final	 Actual			
REVENUES:								
Investment and rental	\$	40	\$	40	\$ 12	\$	(28)	
Intergovernmental revenue		12,900		12,900	5,023		(7,877)	
Other revenue					 17		17	
TOTAL REVENUES	12,940			12,940	5,052	(7,888		
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		14,739		18,900	6,174		12,726	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,799)		(5,960)	(1,122)		4,838	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-	641		641	
Transfers out		(1,570)		(1,570)	 (1,537)		33	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(1,570)		(1,570)	 (896)		674	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,369)		(7,530)	(2,018)		5,512	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,847		3,847	3,847			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	478	\$	(3,683)	\$ 1,829	\$	5,512	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SEWER AND STORM DRAIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	ınte			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	- O	riginal		Final	Δ	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES:		inginui		1 mu		Hetuur		oguerve)	
Investment and rental	\$	10	\$	10	\$	42	\$	32	
Charges for services		1,780		1,790		1,515		(275)	
Other revenue						8		8	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,790		1,800		1,565		(235)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public works		1,616		2,226		1,487		739	
Capital outlay				1,355		17		1,338	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,616		3,581		1,504		2,077	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		174		(1,781)		61		1,842	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in		753		753		719		(34)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		927		(1,028)		780		1,808	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,559		1,559		1,559			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,486	\$	531	\$	2,339	\$	1,808	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

AIR QUALITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					ctual	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:									
Investment and rental	\$	5	\$	5	\$	9	\$	4	
Intergovernmental revenue		183		183		141		(42)	
TOTAL REVENUES		188		188		150		(38)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public works		170		170		171		(1)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		18		18		(21)		(39)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		685		685		685			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	703	\$	703	\$	664	\$	(39)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

							Fina	nce with l Budget
		Budgeted						sitive
DEVEN LIEG	Or	iginal		Final	A	ctual	(Negative)	
REVENUES:	•	60	•		•	211	•	216
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	68	\$	68	\$	314	\$	246
Charges for services		75		75		180		105
Other revenue		20		20		79		59
TOTAL REVENUES		163	-	163		573		410
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public safety		-		68		112		(44)
Public works		166		166		113		53
Community services		793		793		1,025		(232)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		959		1,027		1,250		(223)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(796)		(864)		(677)		187
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		863		863		697		(166)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		67		(1)		20		21
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) -								
BEGINNING OF YEAR		(31)		(31)		(31)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	36	\$	(32)	\$	(11)	\$	21

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CDBG SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	0	riginal		Final	Α	ctual		egative)	
REVENUES:		8						<i>(</i>)	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	5,452	\$	2,522	\$	1,825	\$	(697)	
Other revenue		45		3,145		103		(3,042)	
TOTAL REVENUES		5,497		5,667		1,928		(3,739)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Community services		446		800		3		797	
Community development		810		811		957		(146)	
Capital outlay		-		3,315		474		2,841	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		250		250		250		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		196		196		48		148	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,702		5,372		1,732		3,640	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,795		295		196		(99)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out		-		(224)		(809)		(585)	
Issuance of debt						810		810	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)				(224)		1		225	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		3,795		71		197		126	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		307		307		307			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	4,102	\$	378	\$	504	\$	126	

OTHER DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Woodruff Industrial Project Redevelopment Fund</u> is used to account for tax increment revenue from the Woodruff Industrial Project redevelopment project area. This revenue is used for the repayment of debt. The Community Development Commission of the City of Downey, which was dissolved effective February 1, 2012.

<u>Firestone Fund</u> is used to account for tax increment revenues, bond proceeds required to be set aside for future debt service and interest related to Firestone Development Project area. The Community Development Commission of the City of Downey, which was dissolved effective February 1, 2012.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Indu Pro	odruff istrial oject				
	Redeve	lopment	Fires	stone	Tot	als
ASSETS						
Receivables:						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$		\$	-	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Advances from other funds						
TOTAL LIBILITIES		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES:						
Unassigned						
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	_	\$		\$	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	Indu	ject	Fii	restone	7	Γotals
REVENUES:	<u> </u>	торитент		CStone		Cuis
Taxes	\$	192	\$	1,356	\$	1,548
Investment and rental		(7)		(7)		(14)
Other revenue				39		39
TOTAL REVENUES		185		1,388		1,573
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community development		123		385		508
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		260		260
Interest and fiscal charges		105		889		994
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		228		1,534		1,762
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(43)		(146)		(189)
EXTRAORDINARY GAIN		1,762		7,900		9,662
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,719		7,754		9,473
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) -						
BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED		(1,719)		(7,754)		(9,473)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	-	\$	-

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OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

<u>Firestone Redevelopment Fund</u> is used to account for the administration, capital projects and land transactions of the City's Firestone Boulevard Redevelopment Project Area. The Community Development Commission of the City of Downey, which was dissolved effective February 1, 2012.

<u>Woodruff Redevelopment Fund</u> is used to account for the administration, capital projects and land transactions of the City's Woodruff Industrial Redevelopment Project Area. The Community Development Commission of the City of Downey, which was dissolved effective February 1, 2012.

<u>Housing Fund</u> is used to account for restricted financial resources to be used to increase the supply of available low-and moderate-income housing. The Community Development Commission of the City of Downey, which was dissolved effective February 1, 2012.

<u>City Fund</u> is used to account for City projects funded by various sources.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	stone lopment	druff lopment	Housing		City		Totals	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,919 6	\$	3,919 6
Due from other governments	-	-		-		Ü		O
and entities	 	 				5		5
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	3,930	\$	3,930
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and								
accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	43	\$	43
FUND BALANCES:								
Assigned	 					3,887		3,887
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,930	\$	3,930

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	Firestone Redevelopment	Woodruff Redevelopment	Housing	City	Totals
REVENUES:					
Investment and rental	\$ (1)	- \$	\$ 35	\$ 29	\$ 63
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	479	885	1,364
Other revenue	18		24		42
TOTAL REVENUES	17	<u> </u>	538	914	1,469
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Community development	1,085	-	1,182	-	2,267
Capital outlay	<u> </u>			1,535	1,535
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,085		1,182	1,535	3,802
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,068)	-	(644)	(621)	(2,333)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in	-	-	-	504	504
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS	(2,118)	(44)	(7,802)		(9,964)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3,186)	(44)	(8,446)	(117)	(11,793)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	3,186	44	8,446	4,004	15,680
FUND BALANCES -					
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,887	\$ 3,887

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FIRESTONE REDEVELOPMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

		Dudgatad	A 0.11	mta.			Fina	ance with	
		Budgeted		Final Actual		A otuol	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:		riginal	Fillal		Actual		(1)	egative)	
	ø		¢		¢	(1)	¢.	(1)	
Investment and rental	\$	1.500	\$	1.500	\$	(1)	\$	(1)	
Intergovernmental revenue		1,500		1,500		-		(1,500)	
Other revenue				15		18		3	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,500		1,515		17		(1,498)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Community development		1,841		1,841		1,085		756	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
		(2.41)		(226)		(1.069)		(742)	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(341)		(326)		(1,068)		(742)	
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS		-		-		(2,118)		(2,118)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(341)		(326)		(3,186)		(2,860)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR,									
AS RESTATED		3,186		3,186		3,186		_	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,845	\$	2,860	\$	-	\$	(2,860)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WOODRUFF REDEVELOPMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Final	Budget sitive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)		
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(44)	\$	(44)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		44		44		44_			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	44	\$	44	\$		\$	(44)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

HOUSING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Dodosto	A	4-			Fina	ance with	
	 Budgeted riginal	Amou	Final	٨	ctual	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:	 nigiliai		Tillai	Actual		(11	egative)	
Taxes	\$ 900	\$	900	\$	-	\$	(900)	
Investment and rental	60		60		35		(25)	
Intergovernmental revenue	798		798		479		(319)	
Other revenue	 100		100		24		(76)	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,858		1,858		538		(1,320)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development	 5,339		5,399		1,182		4,217	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,481)		(3,541)		(644)		2,897	
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS	 				(7,802)		(7,802)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,481)		(3,541)		(8,446)		(4,905)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,446		8,446		8,446			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,965	\$	4,905	\$		\$	(4,905)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

		Dadastad	A	4-			Fina	nce with l Budget
	Budgeted Amounts					Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Investment and rental	\$	9	\$	9	\$	29	\$	20
Intergovernmental revenue		1,510		1,510		885		(625)
TOTAL REVENUES		1,519		1,519		914		(605)
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		2,347		5,757		1,535		4,222
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(828)		(4,238)		(621)		3,617
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		774		774		504		(270)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(54)		(3,464)		(117)		3,347
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,004		4,004		4,004		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	3,950	\$	540	\$	3,887	\$	3,347

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one City department to other City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Funds used by the City are as follows:

<u>Employee Benefits Fund</u> is used to charge various departments for leave time, medical benefits, retirement benefits and other employee fringe benefits on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Equipment Fund</u> is used to charge various departments of the City for the use of fleet, office and communications equipment on a cost reimbursement basis.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Employee Benefits	Equipment	Totals	
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and investments	\$ 29,067	\$ 1,376	\$ 30,443	
Accounts receivable	11	15	26	
Advances to Successor Agency	2,650	_	2,650	
Inventories	-	135	135	
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments	2,765	2,765	5,530	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	34,493	4,291	38,784	
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Prepaid pension expense	16,940	-	16,940	
Bond issuance costs	153	-	153	
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):				
Machinery and equipment		5,421	5,421	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	17,093	5,421	22,514	
TOTAL ASSETS	51,586	9,712	61,298	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	824	231	1,055	
Interest payable	86	7	93	
Compensated absences	4,234	-	4,234	
Claims payable	3,499	_	3,499	
Capital lease payable	-	174	174	
Pension obligation bonds	280	-	280	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	8,923	412	9,335	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Compensated absences	9,953	-	9,953	
Claims payable	3,528	-	3,528	
Capital lease payable	-	858	858	
Pension obligation bonds	19,255		19,255	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	32,736	858	33,594	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	41,659	1,270	42,929	
NET ASSETS:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	4,389	4,389	
Restricted for debt service	2,765	2,765	5,530	
Unrestricted	7,162	1,288	8,450	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 9,927	\$ 8,442	\$ 18,369	

See independent auditors' report.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	mployee Benefits	Eq	uipment	Totals		
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 24,901	\$	1,917	\$	26,818	
Miscellaneous	 1,125		3		1,128	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 26,026		1,920		27,946	
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Maintenance and operations	-		889		889	
General and administration	-		532		532	
Employee benefits	31,004		-		31,004	
Amortization	7		-		7	
Depreciation	 		1,728		1,728	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	31,011		3,149		34,160	
OPERATING LOSS	(4,985)		(1,229)		(6,214)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Investment and rental	1,004		345		1,349	
Interest expense	 (1,244)		(45)		(1,289)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 (240)		300		60	
NET LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS						
AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(5,225)		(929)		(6,154)	
TRANSFERS IN	_		700		700	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	 		24		24	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(5,225)		(205)		(5,430)	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 15,152		8,647		23,799	
TOTAL NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,927	\$	8,442	\$	18,369	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	mployee Benefits	Eq	uipment	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from user departments Payment to suppliers Payment to employees	\$ 26,012 (23,575) (7,124)	\$	1,906 (805) (565)	\$ 27,918 (24,380) (7,689)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(4,687)		536	(4,151)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from other funds			700	700
Principal paid	(235)		700	(235)
Interest paid	(1,237)		_	(1,237)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY	 (1,237)			 (1,237)
NONCAPAITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 (1,472)		700	(772)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition of capital assets	-		(447)	(447)
Capital contributions	-		24	24
Principal paid on debt	-		(167)	(167)
Interest paid on debt	-		(52)	(52)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-		(642)	(642)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest received	 1,004		345	1,349
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(5,155)		939	(4,216)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 36,987		3,202	40,189
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 31,832	\$	4,141	\$ 35,973
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating loss	\$ (4,985)	\$	(1,229)	\$ (6,214)
Depreciation and amortization	7		1,728	1,735
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(9)		(15)	(24)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	-		112	112
(Increase) decrease in prepaid pension expense	644		-	644
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(708)		(60)	(768)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	479		-	479
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	 (115)		-	 (115)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (4,687)	\$	536	\$ (4,151)

See independent auditors' report.

AGENCY FUNDS

<u>Special Deposits Fund</u> is used to account for refundable and performance bond deposits and other deposit funds.

<u>Cemetery District Fund</u> is used to account for the financial operations of an independent governmental entity which the City provides accounting services to.

1913 Act Bond Fund is used to account for the revenues associated with the City's 1913 Act projects.

<u>Elm Vista Fund</u> is used to account for funds provided by private property owners to construct certain public right-of-way improvements in their neighborhood.

<u>Columbia Memorial Space Learning Center Foundation Fund</u> is used to account for the construction and implementation of educational programs for the Columbia Memorial Space Learning Center.

<u>Southeast Area Animal Control Authority (SEAACA) Fund</u> is used to account for the financial operations of an independent governmental entity which the City provides accounting services to.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Special Seposits	metery istrict	1913 Act Bond	
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 6,384 39	\$ 168 2	\$	120
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,423	\$ 170	\$	121
LIABILITIES				
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits payable	\$ 95 6,328	\$ 8 162	\$	121
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 6,423	\$ 170	\$	121

El Vis		Memori Learnin	mbia al Space g Center dation	SE	AACA	 Γotals
\$	2 3	\$	6	\$	1,327 91	\$ 8,007 136
\$	5	\$	6	\$	1,418	\$ 8,143
\$	5	\$	6	\$	410 1,008	\$ 518 7,625
\$	5	\$	6	\$	1,418	\$ 8,143

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

SPECIAL DEPOSITS		alance / 1, 2011	Ac	lditions	De	eletions		alance 30, 2012
ASSETS:								
Cash and investments	\$	6,442	\$	1,844	\$	1,902	\$	6,384
Receivables	Ф	24	Ф	40	Ф	1,902	Ф	39
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,466	\$	1,884	\$	1,927	\$	6,423
TOTAL ASSETS	J.	0,400	Ф	1,004	Ψ	1,927	Ф	0,423
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	76	\$	1,729	\$	1,710	\$	95
Deposits payable		6,390		3,176		3,238		6,328
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	6,466	\$	4,905	\$	4,948	\$	6,423
CEMETERY DISTRICT ASSETS:								
Cash and investments	\$	150	\$	119	\$	101	\$	168
Receivables	Ψ	9	Ψ	1	ψ	8	Ψ	2
TOTAL ASSETS	-\$	159	\$	120	\$	109	\$	170
TOTAL ABBLIB	Ψ	137	Ψ	120	Ψ	107	Ψ	170
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2	\$	50	\$	44	\$	8
Deposits payable		157		94		89		162
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	159	\$	144	\$	133	\$	170
1913 ACT BOND								
ASSETS:								
Cash and investments	\$	117	\$	3	\$		\$	120
Receivables	Ψ	1	Ψ	1	ψ	1	Ψ	1
TOTAL ASSETS	-\$	118	\$	4	\$	1	\$	121
LIABILITIES:								
Deposits payable	\$	118	\$	3	\$		\$	121
DI MAZICTA				_		_		_
ELM VISTA ASSETS:								
	\$	2	\$		\$		¢	2
Cash and investments	\$	2	Þ	-	Э	-	\$	2
Receivables	•	<u>3</u> 5	•		Φ.		Φ.	3
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3	\$		\$		\$	5
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	5	\$		\$		\$	5

See independent auditors' report.

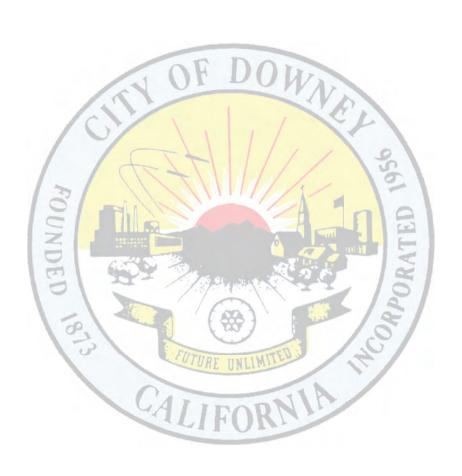
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

COLUMBIA MEMORIAL SPACE LEARNING CENTER FOUNDATION	1, 2011	Additions		D	eletions	alance 30, 2012
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments	\$ 6	\$	_	\$		\$ 6
LIABILITIES:						
Deposits payable	\$ 6	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 6
SEAACA						
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments	\$ 1,869	\$	6,210	\$	6,752	\$ 1,327
Receivables	93		1,483		1,485	91
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,962	\$	7,693	\$	8,237	\$ 1,418
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 515	\$	-	\$	105	\$ 410
Deposits payable	1,447		_		439	1,008
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,962	\$		\$	544	\$ 1,418
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS						
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments	\$ 8,586	\$	8,176	\$	8,755	\$ 8,007
Receivables	130		1,525		1,519	136
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,716	\$	9,701	\$	10,274	\$ 8,143
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 598	\$	1,779	\$	1,859	\$ 518
Deposits payable	8,118		3,273		3,766	7,625
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 8,716	\$	5,052	\$	5,625	\$ 8,143

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STATISTICAL SECTION



DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL SECTION CONTENTS

June 30, 2012

This part of the City of Downey's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the government's overall financial health.

Contents:	<u>Pages</u>
<u>Financial Trends</u> - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	130 - 139
Revenue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	140 - 144
<u>Debt Capacity</u> - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	145 - 150
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	151 - 152
Operating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	153 - 155

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT (amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
	- 2	2002-03	2	2003-04	2	2004-05	2	2005-06				
Governmental Activities:												
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	144,453	\$	140,035	\$	158,433	\$	150,882				
Restricted		8,853		16,888		24,225		28,039				
Unrestricted		52,050		45,558		30,035		44,867				
Total governmental activities net assets		205,356		202,481		212,693		223,788				
Business-type Activities:												
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		31,329		32,802		33,550		35,976				
Restricted		_		-		-		-				
Unrestricted		21,890		23,333		24,438		21,345				
Total business-type activities net assets		53,219		56,135		57,988		57,321				
Primary Government:												
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		175,782		172,837		191,983		186,858				
Restricted		8,853		16,888		24,225		28,039				
Unrestricted		73,940		68,891		54,473		66,212				
Total primary government net assets	\$	258,575	\$	258,616	\$	270,681	\$	281,109				

Fiscal Year

2	2006-07	2	2007-08	2	2008-09	2009-10		 2010-11	2	2011-12
\$	154,423 31,468	\$	172,185 28,201	\$	176,041 32,221	\$	177,580 39,029	\$ 188,044 35,023	\$	193,698 26,298
	46,856		38,679		34,848		25,557	11,490		33,582
	232,747		239,065		243,110		242,166	 234,557		253,578
	35,662		35,586		35,423		35,211	35,675		34,378
	22,903		21,693		20,494		3,706 10,215	3,816 2,336		4,259 (769)
	58,565		57,279		55,917		49,132	 41,827		37,868
	190,085		207,771		211,464		212,791	223,719		228,076
	31,468 69,759		28,201 60,372		32,221 55,342		42,735 35,772	 38,839 13,826		30,557 32,813
\$	291,312	\$	296,344	\$	299,027	\$	291,298	\$ 276,384	\$	291,446

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - EXPENSES AND PROGRAM REVENUES (amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	- 2	2002-03	2	2003-04	l Year	2004-05	2	2005-06
Expenses:			-					
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	1,839	\$	2,784	\$	5,633	\$	4,510
Public safety		32,314		34,990		37,122		40,767
Public works		11,456		5,424		7,642		8,079
Community services		5,694		6,298		6,179		8,927
Community development		7,430		7,028		6,673		6,269
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation		3,846		4,569		4,614		4,614
Interest on long term debt		1,461		2,109		1,745		1,767
Total governmental activities net expenses		64,040		63,202		69,608		74,933
Business-type Activities:								
Water		7,147		7,255		7,238		7,977
Golf		2,287		2,232		2,501		2,516
Transit		2,149		1,980		2,170		2,577
Total business-type activities net assets		11,583		11,467		11,909		13,070
Total primary government expenses	\$	75,623	\$	74,669	\$	81,517	\$	88,003
Program Revenues:								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	146	\$	150	\$	146	\$	153
Public safety		3,724		4,176		4,584		3,996
Public works		2,237		5,037		1,860		2,092
Community services		1,448		1,718		2,100		2,648
Community development		1,883		2,577		2,972		3,030
Operating grants and contributions		8,513		7,784		10,901		9,826
Capital grants and contributions		112		3,829		6,342		4,548
Total governmental activities								
program revenues		18,063		25,271		28,905		26,293
Business-type Activities:								
Charges for services:								
Water		8,888		9,526		8,819		9,095
Golf		3,110		3,207		2,649		2,864
Transit		8		9		10		9
Operating grants and contributions		160		18		-		-
Total business-type activities						-		
program revenues		12,166		12,760		11,478		11,968
Primary government program revenues	\$	30,229	\$	38,031	\$	40,383	\$	38,261
Net (Expense)/Revenue:								
Governmental activities	\$	(45,977)	\$	(37,931)	\$	(40,703)	\$	(48,640)
Business-type activities		583		1,293		(431)		(1,102)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(45,394)	\$	(36,638)	\$	(41,134)	\$	(49,742)

Fiscal Year

				_	Fiscal						
2	2006-07	2	2007-08	2	008-09	2	2009-10	2	2010-11	2	2011-12
\$	6,100 42,379 8,466 7,903 6,556 4,772 1,801	\$	5,891 43,510 7,460 9,390 8,898 4,806 1,823	\$	4,881 45,314 7,450 9,220 8,732 4,965 1,859	\$	7,588 46,420 8,013 8,420 10,543 5,064 1,933	\$	7,594 50,482 5,849 9,041 13,825 5,481 2,130	\$	7,768 51,958 6,767 9,314 8,481 5,640 1,541
	8,852 2,745 2,634 14,231		10,121 2,765 2,939 15,825		9,739 2,699 3,486		11,829 2,847 3,469 18,145		94,402 10,432 2,693 5,954 19,079		91,469 12,207 2,842 4,927 19,976
\$	92,208	\$	97,603	\$	98,345	\$	106,126	\$	113,481	\$	111,445
\$	150 4,156 2,236 2,904 2,701 7,409 3,676	\$	134 4,202 2,247 2,516 3,795 7,965 3,623	\$	154 4,161 2,273 2,536 2,277 7,499 7,634	\$	162 4,951 2,410 2,078 1,580 7,060 7,528	\$	190 4,014 2,134 2,187 3,806 8,689 6,500	\$	179 5,234 1,173 2,414 1,443 8,903 6,330
	23,232		24,482		26,534		25,769		27,520		25,676
	9,543 2,944 7		9,078 2,938 121		8,782 2,780 130 762		8,408 2,625 130		8,366 2,547 129 2,004		11,104 2,706 228
	12,494		12,137		12,454		11,163		13,046		14,038
\$	35,726	\$	36,619	\$	38,988	\$	36,932	\$	40,566	\$	39,714
\$	(54,745) (1,737)	\$	(57,296) (3,688)	\$	(55,887) (3,470)	\$	(62,212) (6,982)	\$	(66,882) (6,033)	\$	(65,793) (5,938)
\$	(56,482)	\$	(60,984)	\$	(59,357)	\$	(69,194)	\$	(72,915)	\$	(71,731)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - GENERAL REVENUES

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	2	002-03	2	003-04	2	004-05	2	005-06			
General Revenues and Other Changes											
in Net Assets:											
Governmental Activities:											
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$	10,247	\$	11,059	\$	16,668	\$	19,813			
Transient occupancy taxes		781		814		863		1,022			
Sales taxes and use taxes		13,271		12,922		10,475		11,372			
Property taxes in lieu of sales and use tax		-		-		3,511		3,819			
Franchise taxes		1,887		1,952		1,985		2,076			
Utility users tax		5,965		-		-		-			
Other taxes		-		13,957		8,873		8,574			
Business operation tax		988		-		-		-			
Motor vehicle taxes		6,282		-		-		-			
Earning on investments		5,281		81		3,265		2,070			
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(149)		8,396		1,549		-			
Miscellaneous		2,052		1,482		1,616		7,459			
Transfers		1,201		1,474		1,341		3,530			
Extraordinary gain			-								
Total governmental activities		47,806		52,137		50,146		59,735			
Business-type Activities:											
Sales taxes		2,664		2,806		2,978		3,383			
Earning on investments		1,749		291		1,166		562			
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		_		4		20			
Miscellaneous		1		_		_		-			
Transfers		(1,201)		(1,474)		(1,341)		(3,530)			
Total business-type activities		3,213		1,623		2,807		435			
Total primary government	\$	51,019	\$	53,760	\$	52,953	\$	60,170			
Change in Net Assets:		_		_							
Governmental activities	\$	1,829	\$	14,206	\$	9,443	\$	11,095			
Business-type activities	.	3,796	φ	2,916	φ	2,376	φ	(667)			
Total primary government	\$	5,625	\$	17,122	\$	11,819	\$	10,428			
Tomi primary government	Ψ	3,023	Ψ	17,122	Ψ	11,017	Ψ	10,120			

Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year											
2	006-07	2	007-08	2	008-09	2	009-10	2	2010-11	2	011-12
\$	22,726	\$	23,974	\$	25,561	\$	25,938	\$	24,347	\$	20,847
	1,085		1,050		934		936		991		1,123
	12,996		11,706		9,675		8,942		9,845		10,479
	3,989		3,856		3,444		3,180		3,144		3,959
	2,168		2,142		2,276		2,201		2,340		2,324
	-		8,002		7,677		7,471		7,094		6,778
	9,489		1,819		1,632		1,536		1,742		1,351
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	5,405		5,973		4,889		3,671		1,817		2,281
	- 		24		49		38		25		24
	4,126		1,443		1,491		1,938		2,171		2,529
	1,720		4,761		2,304		4,961		5,757		2,619
											30,042
	63,704		64,750		59,932		60,812		59,273		84,356
	3,330		3,310		3,004		4,074		3,761		4,070
	1,371		1,580		1,436		1,022		451		768
	-		28		(28)		2		2		-
	-		2,012		-		60		271		824
	(1,720)		(4,761)		(2,304)		(4,961)		(5,757)		(2,619)
	2,981		2,169		2,108		197		(1,272)		3,043
\$	66,685	\$	66,919	\$	62,040	\$	61,009	\$	58,001	\$	87,399
	_		_		_			_	_		
\$	8,959	\$	7,454	\$	4,045	\$	(1,400)	\$	(7,609)	\$	18,563
Ψ	1,244	Ψ	(1,519)	Ψ	(1,362)	Ψ	(6,785)	Ψ	(7,305)	Ψ	(2,895)
\$	10,203	\$	5,935	\$	2,683	\$	(8,185)	\$	(14,914)	\$	15,668

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2	002-03	2	003-04	2	004-05	2	005-06
General Fund:								
Reserved	\$	883	\$	1,239	\$	7,756	\$	7,850
Unreserved		22,795		20,905		14,377		15,194
Total general fund	\$	23,678	\$	22,144	\$	22,133	\$	23,044
All Other Governmental Funds:								
Reserved	\$	12,020	\$	12,884	\$	20,723	\$	16,986
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds		304		4,012		10,699		12,535
Debt service funds		(923)		(7,195)		(1,140)		(7,059)
Capital projects funds		7,197		14,274		(3,089)		4,169
Total all other governmental funds	\$	18,598	\$	23,975	\$	27,193	\$	26,631
General fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								
Total general fund	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
All other governmental funds:								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								
Total all other governmental funds	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	

Note: GASB Statement #54 was implemented in 2011; prior years have no comparable data.

Fiscal Y	ear	
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2	006-07	2	007-08	2	008-09	009-10	2	010-11	2	011-12
\$	8,014 15,448	\$	8,832 15,188	\$	11,350 13,390	\$ 10,764 12,355	\$	- -	\$	- -
\$	23,462	\$	24,020	\$	24,740	\$ 23,119	\$		\$	
\$	27,267	\$	22,833	\$	16,828	\$ 16,270	\$	-	\$	-
	3,832 (6,655) 4,403		6,288 (7,317) (19)		8,279 (7,590) 1,162	 8,345 (9,214) 2,925		- - -		- - -
\$	28,847	\$	21,785	\$	18,679	\$ 18,326	\$		\$	
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	6,497 4,260 10,070	\$	8,897 4,867 6,123
\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$	20,827	\$	19,887
\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	3,601 12,837 5,620 (7,766)	\$	4,570 4,379 6,226 (45)
\$		\$	_	\$		\$ 	\$	14,292	\$	15,130

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Years						
	2	002-03	2	003-04		2004-05	2	005-06	
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	34,076	\$	34,626	\$	41,641	\$	47,113	
License and permits		885		1,043		1,768		1,852	
Fines and forfeitures		1,809		1,739		1,878		1,751	
Investment and rental		5,689		2,957		4,429		3,719	
Intergovernmental revenue		13,257		14,758		14,618		10,103	
Charges for services		5,859		6,303		7,574		7,788	
Other revenue		6,535		9,782		6,171		10,962	
Total revenues		68,110		71,208		78,079		83,288	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		3,825		4,292		4,658		3,953	
Public safety		32,254		34,128		35,979		37,613	
Public works		7,585		7,540		6,987		7,343	
Community services		5,719		5,848		5,639		7,929	
Community development		7,715		8,275		6,821		7,148	
ERAF payment		-		395		494		271	
Capital outlay		9,021		34,040		13,805		8,935	
Debt service:		,		,		,		,	
Principal		1,300		1,360		1,415		1,730	
Interest and fiscal charges		2,173		1,969		2,355		2,383	
Total expenditures		69,592		97,847		78,153		77,305	
Excess of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(1,482)		(26,639)		(74)		5,983	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		5,907		6,106		12,205		8,446	
Transfers out		(8,443)		(9,609)		(15,819)		(15,200)	
Proceeds from long-term debt		1,071		3,567		-		-	
Sale of property		-		30,418		-		-	
Issuance of debt		-		-		1,002		1,120	
Sale of capital assets		-		-		5,893		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,465)		30,482		3,281		(5,634)	
Extraordinary Gain								-	
Net change in fund balances		(2,947)		3,843		3,207		349	
Fund balances - July 1		45,223		42,276		46,119		49,326	
Fund balances - June 30	\$	42,276	\$	46,119	\$	49,326	\$	49,675	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		4.99%		3.42%		4.85%		5.34%	
Source: Finance Department, City of Downey									

Fiscal Year

2	006-07	2	2007-08	2	008-09	009-10	2	010-11	2	2011-12
\$	52,682 2,147 1,911 7,002 9,370 7,804 3,416 84,332	\$	53,432 2,487 1,900 7,154 7,234 10,161 3,025 85,393	\$	52,020 1,372 1,625 6,425 12,266 7,960 2,933 84,601	\$ 50,106 1,269 1,803 5,011 12,205 7,883 3,200 81,477	\$	49,804 1,107 1,552 3,360 11,892 8,740 5,505 81,960	\$	47,785 1,094 1,507 2,639 11,404 9,795 3,211 77,435
	4,905 39,555 7,902 6,769 7,589		5,457 42,361 7,004 8,775 9,820		5,244 45,429 7,634 8,781 10,432	6,296 44,786 7,064 7,748 11,471		6,565 45,231 7,296 7,793 14,411		6,293 46,585 7,482 8,065 9,304
	9,105 1,800 2,370 79,995		16,186 1,890 2,277 93,770		10,223 1,840 2,252 91,835	 9,582 485 2,267 89,699		12,476 500 2,270 96,542		8,200 510 1,581 88,020
	4,337		(8,377)		(7,234)	(8,222)		(14,582)		(10,585)
	10,653 (13,742) - - 1,386		12,049 (10,440) - - 1,400		7,844 (5,540) - - 1,408	12,750 (7,798) - - 1,296		16,487 (9,656) - - 1,425		6,094 (4,175) - 124 1,349
	(1,703)		3,009		3,712	6,248		8,256		3,392
						 				4,233
	2,634 49,675		(5,368) 51,173		(3,522) 46,941	(1,974) 43,419		(6,326) 41,445		(2,960) 37,977
\$	52,309	\$	45,805	\$	43,419	\$ 41,445	\$	35,119	\$	35,017
	5.21%		4.44%		5.03%	3.39%		3.54%		3.00%

ASSESSED VALUATION (amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Secured	ublic tilities	Ex	Less	Net Total Secured		Unsecured		Less Exemptions		Net Tota Unsecure		Net Total Unsecured and Secured		Percent Increase (Decrease)
2002-03	\$ 5,289,560	\$ 963	\$	86,492	\$	5,204,031	\$	251,512	\$	37,603	\$	213,909	\$ 5,41	7,940	5.1
2003-04	5,718,335	995		73,582		5,645,748		278,562		68,544		210,018	5,85	5,766	8.1
2004-05	6,162,620	1,057		97,880		6,065,797		267,325		66,568		200,757	6,26	66,554	7.0
2005-06	6,880,678	1,036		83,406		6,798,308		261,287		57,661		203,626	7,00	1,934	11.7
2006-07	7,679,717	984		120,776		7,559,925		324,711		110,373		214,338	7,77	4,263	11.0
2007-08	8,513,613	830		267,374		8,247,069		334,761		103,999		230,762	8,47	7,831	9.0
2008-09	9,159,784	1,172		459,270		8,701,686		333,002		88,819		244,183	8,94	5,869	5.5
2009-10	8,841,370	830		490,116		8,352,084		394,365		151,075		243,290	8,59	5,374	(3.9)
2010-11	8,759,484	830		494,685		8,265,629		330,020		98,691		231,329	8,49	6,958	(1.1)
2011-12	8,919,763	560		502,197		8,418,126		333,631		104,910		228,721	8,64	6,847	1.8

Note: Homeowner expemptions are not included in total exemptions.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor 2011/12 Combined Tax Rolls

ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Category	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Residential	\$ 4,198,381	\$ 4,560,216	\$ 4,957,5	88 \$ 5,533,446	\$ 6,186,672	\$ 6,816,124	\$ 7,147,505	\$ 6,695,739	\$ 6,603,986	\$ 6,712,488
Commercial	623,835	680,932	704,3		873,724	919,334	1,004,451	1,048,645	1,048,624	1,062,528
Industrial	248,715	243,328	253,8	64 288,420	303,635	308,835	336,253	369,515	372,651	376,634
Government			ŕ		,				•	
owned	-	-			109	-	-	-	-	-
Institutional	29,854	45,214	36,4	41 39,116	37,176	41,827	42,987	47,219	46,807	45,773
Miscellaneous	4,431	7,102		12 12	12	12	12	13	13	13
Recreational	22,568	28,986	27,6	39 23,017	26,408	24,413	25,322	25,189	25,080	25,184
Vacant Land	8,410	12,485	15,6	72 37,473	31,804	56,814	39,879	22,582	26,544	52,680
SBE Nonunitary	963	995	1,0	58 1,036	984	830	1,172	830	830	560
Possessory Int.	66,875	66,491	69,2	20 101,136	99,401	78,879	79,303	117,054	115,856	116,837
Unsecured	213,908	210,018	200,7	57 203,626	214,338	230,763	244,182	243,290	231,329	228,721
Exempt	-	-			-	_	-	-	-	-
Unknown	22			<u>-</u>			24,802	25,298	25,238	25,428
TOTALC	¢ 5 417 060	¢ 5 055 767	¢ 62665	56 ¢ 7.001.024	\$ 7.774.262	¢ 0 477 021	¢ 0.045.060	¢ 9 505 274	¢ 0.406.050	¢ 9646946
TOTALS	\$ 5,417,962	\$ 5,855,767	\$ 6,266,5	56 \$ 7,001,934	\$ 7,774,263	\$ 8,477,831	\$ 8,945,868	\$ 8,595,374	\$ 8,496,958	\$ 8,646,846
Total Direct Rate	0.1727%	0.1723%	0.172	8% 0.1772%	0.1786%	0.1779%	0.1805%	0.1952%	0.1812%	0.1810%

Note: Exempt values are not included in Total.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Rate per \$100 of Taxable Value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Basic Levy 1								, ,		
City of Downey Tax District 1	0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.13970	0.13970	0.13970	0.14125
Cerritos Community College District	0.02625	0.02625	0.02625	0.02625	0.02625	0.02625	0.02625	0.02625	0.02620	0.02625
Childrens Institutional Tuition Fund	0.00291	0.00291	0.00291	0.00291	0.00291	0.00291	0.00291	0.00291	0.00291	0.00291
County Sanitation District No. 2 Operating	0.01395	0.01395	0.01395	0.01395	0.01395	0.01395	0.01395	0.01395	0.01394	0.01395
County School Service Fund-Downey	0.00743	0.00743	0.00743	0.00743	0.00743	0.00743	0.00743	0.00743	0.00743	0.00743
County School Service	0.00146	0.00146	0.00146	0.00146	0.00146	0.00146	0.00146	0.00146	0.00146	0.00146
Development Ctr For Handicapped Minors	0.00052	0.00052	0.00052	0.00052	0.00052	0.00052	0.00052	0.00052	0.00052	0.00052
Downey Cemetery District	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089
Downey Unified School District	0.21536	0.21536	0.21536	0.21536	0.21536	0.21536	0.21536	0.21536	0.21540	0.21536
Educational Augmentation Fund Impound	0.16308	0.16308	0.16308	0.16308	0.16308	0.16308	0.16308	0.16308	0.16310	0.16308
Educational Revenue Augmentation	0.07154	0.07154	0.07154	0.07154	0.07154	0.07154	0.07340	0.07340	0.07340	0.07154
Great L.A. County Vector Control Dist	0.00039	0.00039	0.00039	0.00039	0.00039	0.00039	0.00039	0.00039	0.00039	0.00039
L. A. County Accum Cap Outlay	0.00012	0.00012	0.00012	0.00012	0.00012	0.00012	0.00012	0.00012	0.00012	0.00012
L. A. County Fire	0.00768	0.00768	0.00768	0.00768	0.00768	0.00768	0.00768	0.00768	0.00768	0.00768
L. A. County Flood Ctrl Drain Imp Dist Maint	0.00183	0.00183	0.00183	0.00183	0.00183	0.00183	0.00183	0.00183	0.00183	0.00183
L. A. County Flood Ctrl Maintenance	0.01035	0.01035	0.01035	0.01035	0.01035	0.01035	0.01035	0.01035	0.01035	0.01035
L. A. County General	0.33481	0.33481	0.33481	0.33481	0.33481	0.33481	0.33450	0.33450	0.33450	0.33481
Water Replenishment District of Southern Calif	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018
Total Basic Levy Rate	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Cerritos Community College Dist	0.00000	0.00000	0.01908	0.02424	0.02392	0.01071	0.00994	0.01854	0.02677	0.01782
Compton Community College Dist	0.00000	0.02714	0.00396	0.02051	0.01975	0.01763	0.01262	0.01296	0.01487	0.01481
County Detention Facilities 1987 Debt	0.00103	0.00099	0.00092	0.00080	0.00066	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Downey Unified School District	0.03103	0.05130	0.06564	0.07719	0.06148	0.07569	0.05790	0.06507	0.07018	0.06725
LA Community College District	0.01460	0.01986	0.01810	0.01429	0.02146	0.00879	0.02212	0.02311	0.04031	0.03530
LA County Flood Control	0.00088	0.00046	0.00025	0.00005	0.00005	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Little Lake City School District	0.06882	0.06094	0.05313	0.03994	0.03483	0.07499	0.07360	0.07233	0.07647	0.05286
Los Angeles Unified School District	0.03697	0.07715	0.08884	0.08435	0.10681	0.12334	0.12478	0.15181	0.18695	0.16819
Metropolitan Water District	0.00670	0.00610	0.00580	0.00520	0.00470	0.00450	0.00430	0.00430	0.00370	0.00370
Montebello Unified School District	0.03983	0.04076	0.04172	0.07054	0.06731	0.06681	0.08063	0.09673	0.09792	0.10001
Norwalk-La Mirada Unified	0.00000	0.05560	0.05316	0.05368	0.05036	0.05226	0.06271	0.06110	0.06197	0.06496
Rio Hondo Community College Dist	0.00000	0.00000	0.02170	0.01802	0.01469	0.01369	0.02320	0.02714	0.03439	0.03418
Whittier Union High School Dist	0.02631	0.03793	0.03085	0.04489	0.08918	0.04359	0.03728	0.04224	0.04239	0.04317
Total Voter Approved Rate	0.22617	0.37823	0.40315	0.45370	0.49520	0.49200	0.50908	0.57533	0.65592	0.60225
TOTAL DIRECT & OVERLAPPING2 TAX RATE	1.22617	1.37823	1.40315	1.45370	1.49520	1.49200	1.50908	1.57533	1.65592	1.60225
Determine December City and Dedecat	(BDA)									
Rate producing Revenue for City and Redevelopment Agency City General Fund Direct Rate 3		0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.14126	0.12072	0.12072	0.12072	0.13973
	0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.14125	0.13973	0.13973	0.13973	
RDA Incremental Rate 4	1.00861	1.00755	1.00697	1.00604	1.00541	1.00450	1.00430	1.00430	1.00370	1.00370
Total Direct Rate	0.17266	0.17234	0.17281	0.17722	0.17864	0.17786	0.18053	0.19517	0.18514	0.18102

¹ In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1% fixed amount. This 1% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1% fixed amount, property owners are charged tax as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, L. A. County Assessor 2002/03 - 2011/12 Tax Rate Table

² Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

³ City's share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the city. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not be included in tax ratio figures.

⁴ RDA rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area (RA) and includes only rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rate are applied only to the incremental property values.

⁵ Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the government preparing the statistical section information.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	1-12	2002-03				
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	% of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	% of Total City Taxable Assessed Value			
- r.J.							
Gary L. Ball Trust	\$ 100,681,568	1.16%	\$ 73,367,401	1.35%			
Coca Cola Bottling Company of Los Angeles	81,431,226	0.94%	83,681,776	1.54%			
Downey Landing LLC	68,158,279	0.79%	16,961,223	0.31%			
Macerich Stonewood Limited Partnership	53,461,366	0.62%	46,647,055	0.86%			
Kaiser Foundation Health Plan	47,447,689	0.55%	26,911,663	0.50%			
Fremont Rancho Limited	42,651,218	0.49%	42,060,299	0.78%			
PRC Multi-Family LLC	31,032,754	0.36%	-	0.00%			
RLJ II-EM Downey	28,619,000	0.33%	-	0.00%			
Majestic Enterprises LP	26,759,247	0.31%	-	0.00%			
Andrews Rancho Del Norte	25,084,199	0.29%	-	0.00%			
Sanwa Jutaku Company Limited	-	0.00%	32,125,785	0.59%			
Norbert Gehr Trust	-	0.00%	26,852,201	0.50%			
Andrews Rancho Del Norte	-	0.00%	20,550,696	0.38%			
Toyota Motor Credit		0.00%	12,259,873	0.23%			
	\$ 505,326,546	5.84%	\$ 381,417,972	7.04%			

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Sources: HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor 2002/03 - 2011/12 Combined Tax Rolls

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy			Collections in Subsequen Years	Total t Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections
2002-03	\$ 6,942	\$ 6,684	\$ 96	\$ 258	\$ 6,942	100.00
2003-04	7,533	7,459	99.02	74	7,533	100.00
2004-05	8,079	8,079	100.00	-	8,079	100.00
2005-06	8,707	8,707	100.00	-	8,707	100.00
2006-07	9,762	9,762	100.00	-	9,762	100.00
2007-08	11,844	11,394	96.20	450	11,844	100.00
2008-09	12,497	11,501	92.03	996	12,497	100.00
2009-10	12,008	11,842	98.62	166	11,842	98.62
2010-11	11,870	10,934	92.11	95	10,934	92.11
2011-12	12,080	10,823	89.59	(1)	10,823	89.59

⁽¹⁾ Information not available

Source: L.A. County Auditor Controller's Office 2011/2012

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Certificates Certificates Total Total Total Percentage Debt Fiscal of Personal of Governmental of Business-type Primary Per Year Bonds Participation Other Activities Participation Other Activities Government Income Capita 2002-03 \$ 9,135 \$ \$ 52,582 \$ 9,910 \$ \$ 9,910 \$ 62,492 \$ 7,110 \$ 36,337 14.60% 560 2003-04 8,950 6,075 37,653 9,910 135 10,045 13.90% 556 52,678 62,723 2004-05 29,189 4,990 41,526 75,705 9,640 214 9,854 85,559 17.80% 758 2005-06 28,906 3,850 44,676 77,432 9,360 257 9,617 87,049 17.00% 770 9,393 2006-07 28,618 2,650 46,213 77,481 9,070 323 86,874 16.10% 765 2007-08 28,315 1,365 48,486 78,166 8,775 383 9,158 87,324 15.80% 769 27,987 8,967 497 2008-09 46,595 74,582 8,470 83,549 15.20% 739 2009-10 27,614 48,236 75,850 8,155 531 8,686 84,536 15.00% 743 8,427 2010-11 27,186 52,743 79,929 7,830 597 88,356 15.40% 789 2011-12 27,186 52,743 79,929 7,830 597 8,427 88,356 Not Available 787

The City of Downey implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended Juned 30, 2003.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Debt						Ratio of Net	Ratio of
			Assessed	Gr	oss	Ser	vice	Ne	t	Bonded Debt	Net Bonded
Fiscal			Value	Bon	ided	Mo	nies	Bond	led	to Assessed	Debt Per
Year	Population	(in	thousands)	De	ebt	Avai	lable	Deb	ot	Value	Capita
2002-03	111,687	\$	5,417,940	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.0%	0.0%
2003-04	112,817		5,855,766		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%
2004-05	112,938		6,266,554		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%
2005-06	113,063		7,001,934		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%
2006-07	113,587		7,774,263		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%
2007-08	113,607		8,477,831		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%
2008-09	113,053		8,945,869		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%
2009-10	113,715		8,595,374		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%
2010-11	111,985		8,496,958		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%
2011-12	112,201		8,646,847		-		-		-	0.0%	0.0%

SCHEDULE OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

June 30, 2012

City Assessed Valuation Redevelopment Agency Incremental Valuation Total Assessed Valuation		\$ 8,646,847,089 481,098,203 \$ 8,165,748,886	
	Gross Bonded Debt Balance 6/30/2012	Percent Applicable to City of Downey	Net Bonded Debt
Metropolitan Water District*	\$ 94,031,705	0.946	\$ 889,459
Little Lake City SD DS 2000 Series B	230,000	3.551	8,167
Little Lake City SD DS 2005 Ref. Bond	7,110,000	3.551	252,480
Little Lake City SD DS 2000 Series C	6,635,000	3.551	235,612
Little Lake City School 2000 Series D	999,901	3.551	35,507
Little Lake City School 2000 Series D 1QSCBS	8,000,000	3.551	284,084
Whittier Union HSD DS 2005 Refunding Bonds	79,954,999	0.578	462,185
Whittier UN High DS 2008 Ser 2009A	38,001,949	0.580	220,370
Cerritos CC DS 2004 Series 2004A	2,675,000	23.642	632,411
Cerritos CC DS 2005 Refunding Bonds	21,797,904	23.642	5,153,361
Cerritos CCD DS 2004 Series 2006	30,645,000	23.642	7,244,952
Cerritos CC DS 2004 Series 2009C & 2012	134,130,515	23.642	31,710,526
Compton CCD DS 2002 Series A	34,920,000	0.724	252,991
Compton CCD DS 2002 Series 2008A & 2012	28,691,122	0.724	207,864
L.A. CCD DS 2003 Series B	68,950,000	0.003	1,948
L.A. CCD DS 2003 Taxable Series 2004B	15,010,000	0.003	424
L.A. CCD DS 2001 Taxable Series 2004A	74,615,000	0.003	2,108
LACC DS Refunding 2001 Series 2005A	430,410,000	0.003	12,157
LA CCD DS 2001, 2006 Series B	382,575,000	0.003	10,806
LA CCD DS 2003, 2006 Series C	284,050,000	0.003	8,023
LACC DS 2001, 2008 Ser E-1	275,580,000	0.003	7,784
LACC DS 2003, 2008 Series F-1	344,915,000	0.003	9,742
LACC DS 2003, 2008 Taxable Ser F-2	3,805,000	0.003	107
LACC DS 2008, 2009 Taxable Series A	350,000,000	0.003	9,886
LACC DS 2008, 2009 Taxable Ser B	75,000,000	0.003	2,118
LACC Debt 2008, 2010 Tax Series D	175,000,000	0.003	4,943
LACC Debt 2008, 2010 Tax Ser E (BABS)	900,000,000	0.003	25,421
LACC DS 2008, 2010 Series C	125,000,000	0.003	3,531
Rio Hondo CC DS Series 2004A	5,340,000	0.368	19,673
Rio Hondo CCD DS 2005 Refunding Bond	43,206,005	0.368	159,176
Rio Hondo CC DS 2004 Ser 2008	63,651,844	0.368	234,502
Downey Unified SD Refunding 1999 Series A	6,365,256	91.524	5,825,728
Downey USD DS 2002 Series B	665,000	91.524	608,634
Downey Unified DS 2002 Series C & 2005	5,880,000	91.524	5,381,603
Downey USD DS 2006 Refunding Bonds	9,010,000	91.524	8,246,300
Downey Unif DS 2007 Ref Bds	20,440,000	91.524	18,707,477
Downey USD 2011 & 2012 Refunding Bonds	29,550,000	91.524	27,045,301
Montebello Unified DS 1998 Series 98	9,679,140	0.127	12,331
1		0.40-	0.006

Total Direct and Overlapping Debt

Montebello Unified SD DS 98 Series 99

Montebello USD DS 1998 Series 2001

Montebello USD DS 1998 Series 2004

Montebello Unified DS 1998 Series 2002

Montebello Unified DS 2004 Series 2005

Montebello Unified DS 2004 Series 2009

Montebello USD 2010 Refunding Bonds

Montebello Unified 04 Series 2009A-2 BABS

Total Overlapping Debt repaid through voter-approved property tax indebtedness

Montebello Unif DS 2004 Ser 2008

* This fund is a portion of a larger agency, and is responsible for debt in areas outside the city.

This report reflects debt which is being repaid through voter-approved property tax indebtedness. It excludes mortage revenue, tax allocation bonds, interim financing obligations, non-bonded capital lease obligations, and certificates of participation, unless provided by the city. Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated by using taxable assessed values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

0.127

0.127

0.127

0.127

0.127

0.127

0.127

0.127

0.127

7,712,854

2,632,827

8,350,273

10,829,117

25,070,000

32,605,000

20,000,000

12,640,000

14,165,000

9,826

3,354 10,638

13,796

31,939

41,538

25,480

16,103

18,046

114,100,412

142,676,914

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor and Auditor Combined 2011/12 Lien Date Tax Rolls

SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2002-03 2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 Assessed Valuation \$ 5,417,940 \$ 5,855,766 \$ 6,266,555 \$ 7,002,394 \$ 7,774,263 \$ 8,477,831 \$ 8,945,869 \$ 8,595,374 \$ 8,496,958 \$ 8,646,847 Charter Debt Limited 812,691 878,365 939,983 1,050,359 1,166,139 1,271,675 1,341,880 1,289,306 1,274,544 1,297,027 (15% of Assessed Valuation) Amount of debt applicable to debt limit

 \$ 939,983
 \$ 1,050,359
 \$ 1,166,139
 \$ 1,271,675
 \$ 1,341,880
 \$ 1,289,306
 \$ 1,274,544
 \$ 1,297,027

 Legal Debt Margin \$ 812,691 \$ 878,365 Total Debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt 0% limit 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation.

WATER LEASEHOLD MORTGAGE BOND COVERAGE

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Gross	Direct Operating	Net Available for Debt			Debt S	Service 1	Reaui	rement	
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Service	Prin	cipal	Inte			otal	Coverage
2002-03	\$ 9,727	\$ 7,647	\$ 2,080	\$	560	\$	16	\$	576	3.61
2003-04	9,653	7,221	2,432		-		-		-	-
2004-05	9,329	7,177	2,152		-		-		-	-
2005-06	9,340	7,754	1,586		-		-		-	-
2006-07	10,167	8,676	1,491		-		-		-	-
2007-08	11,786	10,054	1,732		-		-		-	-
2008-09	9,318	9,731	(413)		-		-		-	-
2009-10	8,798	10,344	(1,546)		-		-		-	-
2010-11	8,745	9,853	(1,108)		-		-		-	-
2011-12	9,395	7,495	1,900		-		-		-	-

GOLF COURSE REVENUE BOND COVERAGE (amounts expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Direct Available Fiscal Gross Operating for Debt Debt Service Requirement Total Principal Coverage Year Revenue Expenses Service Interest \$ 2002-03 3,880 \$ \$ 1,333 \$ 395 \$ 379 \$ 774 1.72 2,547 2003-04 3,218 1,795 1,423 436 436 3.26 -2004-05 3,091 2,044 1,047 270 482 752 1.39 2005-06 2,993 2,085 908 280 429 709 1.28 290 1.46 2006-07 3,361 2,319 1,042 422 712 2007-08 3,459 2,350 1,109 295 406 701 1.58 2008-09 3,977 305 397 702 2.39 2,296 1,681 2009-10 222 386 701 0.32 2,654 2,432 315 2010-11 2,547 2,288 259 325 375 700 0.37

1,226

370

312

682

1.80

Source: Finance Department, City of Downey

3,509

2,283

2011-12

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population ¹	Calif. Metropolitan Personal Income (in thousands) ²		F	Metropolitan Per Capita Personal Income ²	Unemployment Rate ³
2003	111,687	\$	444,695,102	\$	34,967	5.9%
2004	112,817		468,524,444		36,705	5.5%
2005	112,938		496,595,325		38,915	4.3%
2006	113,063		536,322,566		42,185	3.8%
2007	113,587		553,812,984		43,633	4.0%
2008	113,607		567,707,034		44,462	5.8%
2009	113,053		550,831,747		42,784	9.1%
2010	113,715		565,365,000		44,070	9.9%
2011	111,985		575,044,998		44,423	9.9%
2012	112,201	1	Not Available	No	ot Available	8.2%

Sources:

¹ State Department of Finance, City population as of January 1

² Bureau of Economic Analysis (data shown is for the metropolitan area of L.A.-Long Beach-Santa Ana)

³ State of California Employment Development Department (data shown is for the City of Downey in June) http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov/cgi/dataanalysis/labForceReport.asp?menuchoice=LABFORCE

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	1-12	2002-03		
Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	
Kaiser Permanente	4,500	8.5	-		
Downey Unified School District	1,851	3.5	900		
Stonewood Shopping Center	2,100	4.0	1,177		
Rancho Los Amigos Medical Center	1,410	2.7	1,600	N O	
Coca-Cola Bottling Company	920	1.7	795	T	
Downey Regional Medical Center	955	1.8	1,300	A V	
Office of Education, County of Los Angeles	900	1.7	800	A I L	
Lakewood Park Health Center	325	0.6	-	A B	
All American Home Center	180	0.3	-	L E	
Porto's Bakery	190	0.4	-		
Internal Service Dept., County of Los Angeles	-	-	-		
Kirk Paper Company	250	0.5	-		

Source: City of Downey, Community Development Department

FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

	1 iscui 1 cui											
Function	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08		2008-09		2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
General government	33	32	32	33	33	37	- '-	38	-	36	36	33
Police	167	167	166	169	169	179		201	(1)	193	190	166
Fire	87	87	86	85	85	86		92		91	90	86
Parks and recreation	335	339	338	338	338	368	(2)	383	(2)	370	383	337
Public works	83	83	81	81	81	82		87		82	83	83
Community development	30	31	32	34	34	32		30		33	28	30
	· <u> </u>					•	- '-			_		
Total	735	739	735	740	740	784		831		805	810	735

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented new part-time cadet program in fiscal year 2009.

⁽²⁾ The increase in number of part-time employees in Community Services in fiscal year 2008 and 2009 was due to the expanded ASPIRE program funded by the State.

OPERATING INDICATORS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	al Year				
-	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Police:										
Number of arrests	4,785	3,351	4,228	4,402	4,984	4,519	4,437	4,663	4,194	4,667
Number of collision reports issued	861	1,272	1,596	1,601	1,473	1,402	1,311	1,143	1,080	901
Number of traffic citations issued	47,981	45,611	42,479	41,499	47,508	43,188	42,078	40,871	36,595	40,741
Number of reported crimes & incidents	12,297	13,933	14,129	14,139	15,016	13,543	13,294	13,230	12,814	13,891
	,,	,	- 1,>	- 1,	,	10,010	,	,	,	,
Fire:										
Number of emergency incidents	5,057	5,700	5,413	5,474	5,451	5,983	6,021	6,126	6,554	5,086
Number of fire & other incidents	2,710	2,683	2,344	2,530	2,567	1,881	1,136	1,384	1,160	2,892
Number of special services and	2,710	2,003	2,5	2,000	2,007	1,001	1,150	1,501	1,100	2,072
other incidents	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	535	297	422	n/a
Number of traffic accidents	265	350	350	540	752	735	715	747	784	312
rumber of traffic accidents	203	330	330	340	132	755	713	747	704	312
Parks and recreation:										
Number of general park attendance	506,374	499,576	445,984	513,059	676,731	520,340	929,974	935,457	982,229	436,000
Number of participants in theatre	40,000	40,000	41,000	41,000	40,738	54,114	38,891	42,882	40,385	40,000
Number of library attendance	423,177	428,561	400,700	371,445	359,502	397,002	413,510	416,605	446,970	387,656
rumber of notary attendance	123,177	120,501	100,700	371,113	337,302	377,002	115,510	110,003	110,570	307,030
Public works:										
Engineering (CIP related improvement):										
Street striping (no. of lineal ft)	n/a	n/a	n/a	29,866	39,005	45,148	27,600	27,000	108,187	n/a
Asphalt replacement (no. of tons)	n/a	n/a	n/a	15,947	21,506	3,944	7,981	34,000	47,017	n/a
Trees planted (each)	n/a	n/a	n/a	108	444	434	372	127	291	n/a
Trees removed (each)	n/a	n/a	n/a	100	20	5	13	62	75	n/a
Maintenance:	11/ a	II/a	11/α	10	20	3	13	02	73	11/ a
Pavement markings (square feet)	n/a	n/a	n/a	84,170	59,201	80,365	102,651	42,638	57,844	n/a
Street striping (no. of lineal ft)	n/a	n/a	n/a	368,109	375,471	191,707	501,357	272,266	67,706	n/a
Asphalt repair (no. of tons)	400	500	550	575	587	466	501,557	428	505	400
Graffitie removed (square feet)	277,658	380,000	516,093	503,704	627,970	755,485	719,661	685,482	728,954	200,000
Trees trimmed (each)	11,349	5,550	9,503	7,697	8,870	9,870	6,288	7,100	8,122	10,208
Trees triffined (each) Trees planted (each)	296	3,330 769	9,303 718	434	200	239	155	241	177	240
Trees removed (each)	263	159	227	350	234	320	199	494	470	290
Vehicles serviced - Preventative	203	310	265	326	441	469	575	694	830	152
	655	683	203 541	326 397	597	612	373 498	911	617	545
Vehicles serviced - Repairs (each)	033	083	341	397	397	012	498	911	01/	343
Water:										
Number of customers	22,910	22,955	22,955	22,734	22,356	22,806	22,421	22,249	22,788	22,339
	17,643	18,925	17,571	18,043	19,313					
Annual supply (acre feet)	17,043	16,923	17,371	18,043	19,515	18,402	17,973	16,953	16,402	18,347
Maximum daily capacity (thousands	45,000	45,000	45,000	45.000	45,000	45.000	45,000	45.000	45,000	45,000
of gallons)	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000	45,000
Sewer:										
Sewer main cleaned (no. of miles)	187	187	198	187	18	18	25	12	95	25
Vector coating applied to	107	107	170	107	10	10	23	12	75	23
sewer manholes	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,750	1,818	1,920	2,000	1,000	1,000	n/a
sewer mannores	11/ a	11/ a	11/α	1,750	1,010	1,920	2,000	1,000	1,000	11/ a
Golf course:										
Golf rounds played	66,744	65,449	64,784	70,071	68,980	67,050	64,105	62,154	60,703	74,159
Gon rounds played	00,/44	05,449	0-1,70-1	70,071	00,700	07,030	07,103	02,134	00,703	17,137

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2002-03 2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2006-07 2008-09 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 Function 2007-08 Public Safety Number of Police stations Number of Fire stations Highways and streets Miles of streets Traffic signals Number of street lights 5,430 5,430 5,430 5,430 5,430 5,430 5,430 5,430 5,430 5,430 Water Number of active water wells Number of reservoirs Miles of lines & mains Sewer Miles of sanitary sewer Sewer lift stations Culture and Recreation Number of parks Number of community centers Number of golf courses 1-18-hole 1-18-hole 1-18-hole 1-18-hole 1-18-hole 1-18-hole 1-18-hole 1-18-hole 1-18-hole 1-18-hole